EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY PENSACOLA, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Prepared by:

Department of Finance Debra Buckley Director of Finance



PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

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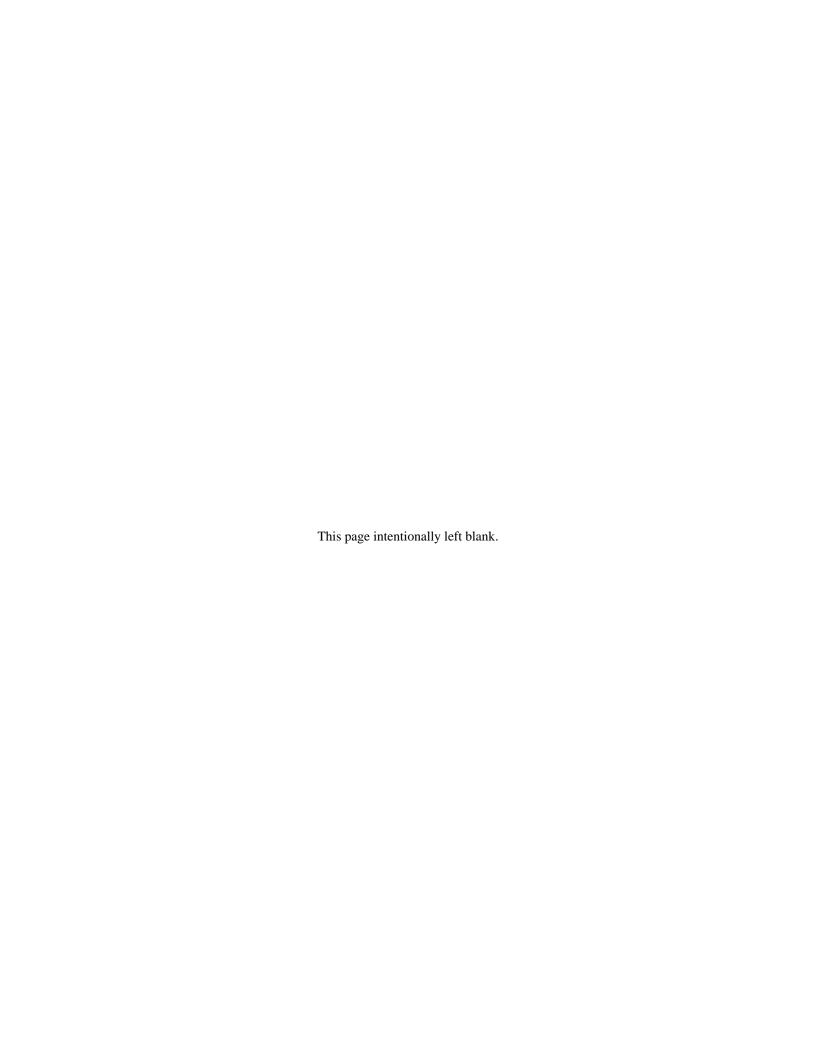
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March 9, 2011

Citizens of Escambia County and Members of the Board Emerald Coast Utilities Authority Pensacola, Florida

The management and staff of the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (the "Authority") are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended September 30, 2010. The financial statements are audited in conformity with Chapter 166.241(1), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. Responsibility for both the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operation of the Authority. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Authority's financial activities have been included.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) can be found in the Financial Section immediately following the report of the independent auditors. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The Authority's management staff is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Authority are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The Reporting Entity

The Authority was created by State legislation in 1981 to acquire, consolidate, manage and operate the water and wastewater systems in Escambia County, Florida. The Authority is an independent special district and is governed by a board of five members who are elected from districts located in Escambia County. The Authority employs an executive director, who is the chief executive officer of the Authority.

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The Authority's service area covers most of southern Escambia County, which is located in the far northwestern part of the State of Florida. In addition to the water and wastewater utility, the Authority operates a sanitation collection utility for residential and commercial garbage.

The Authority Board annually approves an operating budget and a five-year capital improvement budget. Budgetary controls are maintained by the Authority. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is by total appropriations. The Executive Director may approve transfers of appropriations within the budget. However, changes in total appropriations require Board approval. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) separately for the combined water and wastewater system, and for the sanitation system, as well as for the Authority as a whole. Although the water and wastewater system and the sanitation system do not meet the definition of separate "funds", the Authority has established a policy that both systems be self-supporting in accordance with sound accounting policy.

Factors Affecting Financial Position

Management believes the Authority's financial condition remains strong. Despite the current economic downturn, stringent financial planning and conservative budgeting have ensured that the Authority remains fiscally sound.

The county has a diverse economic base that includes military, industry, shipping, tourism and recreation, agriculture, services, and retail sales trade. The United States Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics listed Escambia County's unemployment rate for December 2010 at 11.2%, slightly below the state average of 11.6% and significantly higher than the nation's 9.4% average.

The Florida Association of Realtors reported a total of 3,527 homes sold in the Pensacola metropolitan service area (MSA) during 2010. This is a 9% increase over home sales in 2009. Condominium sales rose 1% from 462 units sold in 2009 to 467 units in 2010.

Highlights and Initiatives

Central Water Reclamation Facility Construction

Six years after Hurricane Ivan's devastating impact on Northwest Florida and the Authority's Main Street Wastewater Treatment Plant (MSWWTP), the new Central Water Reclamation Facility (CWRF) began accepting wastewater flows August 30, 2010. Wastewater flow was gradually diverted from the MSWWTP to the CWRF as the biological treatment process function increased.

The CWRF has been designated as an advanced wastewater treatment facility, meaning it will produce effluent of a very high quality, which will be disinfected to the level required for unrestricted exposure to the public. Thanks to innovative partnerships with Gulf Power Company and International Paper, 100% of the reclaimed water from the CWRF will be reused by those two companies in their industrial processes, eliminating any potential surface water discharge. The CWRF is well above the flood plain and is constructed to withstand Category Five hurricane force winds of up to 190 mph. Redundant power and storage systems help to ensure that the facility can remain operational during conditions similar to those that crippled the MSWWTP during Hurricane Ivan in 2004.

The CWRF was funded through grants from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and other federal sources, the State of Florida, Escambia County, the City of Pensacola and borrowing. Three major lift stations and 25 miles of transmission pipeline were constructed as part of the project.

With the completion of the CWRF, the Authority plans to phase-out and demolish the MSWWTP, which is in downtown Pensacola. Many believe the demolition of the MSWWTP will encourage economic development in the downtown area.

New Facilities

With the phase-out of operations at the MSWWTP, a replacement was needed for the water quality laboratory that had operated at the downtown location. A new laboratory building was constructed at the Authority's Ellyson campus, thus providing the Authority with a more centrally located lab for all of our water quality testing needs. The Authority is also constructing an addition to the existing Customer Service building. This building addition, which will house administration offices and a new board room, will double the size of the existing facility.

The Authority has entered into an agreement with Escambia County for the purchase of approximately three acres at the County's Equestrian Center site for a water production facility to serve western Escambia County.

ECUA/IP Pipeline and Wetlands Project

This unique public/private partnership has been under development for approximately ten years. After several administrative challenges, a permit was issued to International Paper (IP) for the project in March 2010, and construction began in June. Construction is estimated to take approximately 24 months. The Authority's 20 percent share of the project reflects a commitment of approximately \$8 million.

Major Completed Water and Wastewater Projects

Bayou Marcus Wetlands Expansion

Since 1998, effluent disposal/reuse from the Bayou Marcus Water Reclamation Facility (WRF) has been via discharge to the northern wetlands. Over time, an expansion project was deemed necessary to address both long-term capacity needs and discharge limitations. To ensure continued compliance with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) operating permit, a project was initiated to construct a supply and distribution system to the southern wetlands. In 2009, the Authority received a permit from the FDEP to expand into the southern section of the Bayou Marcus wetlands. The permitting efforts also included a re-rating of the effluent disposal capacity of the wetlands (an approximate 25% increase). A construction contract for installation of the piping and the discharge system was recently awarded. The Bayou Marcus WRF also earned the National Association of Clean Water Agencies Gold Peak Performance Award for excellence in process operations with no permit excursion for the entire year.

Perdido Key Trunk "I" Diversion, Phase 1

The Perdido Key Trunk Diversion Project was completed this year. The Phase 1 portion of the project included completion of a large lift station on Bauer Road and the installation of 8,950 feet of 16-inch diameter force main pipe at a cost of \$2,250,000.

Sewer System Rehabilitation/Infiltration & Inflow

Realizing that a large part of the Authority's wastewater collection system is aging and in need of repair, Authority staff established a method to identify areas of concern in an attempt to reduce overflows and infiltration into the collection system. These efforts focus on gravity sewer mains that are cracked, have bad joints, and are a potential source for infiltration and inflow. Design work was completed and contracts awarded for cured-in-place pipe (main) lining, and test-and-seal services for the Pensacola Beach Sewer Basin and the Pen Haven area. Design work was begun for a major portion of the rehabilitation of the downtown Pensacola and Cantonment areas. To date, approximately 15,000 line feet in the Pen Haven area and approximately 4,000 line feet of mains on Pensacola Beach have been repaired.

On a system-wide basis, using a proactive approach to identify and correct infiltration and inflow problems in the sewage collection system, the Authority has continued to manage contracts for the cleaning and TV inspection of existing sewer lines and for various trenchless methods of repairs for identified major rehabilitation needs. Using these contracts, 18,000 linear feet of pipe were cleaned and inspected, and 32,450 linear feet of pipe were repaired using trenchless lining methods.

Pensacola Beach Wastewater Treatment Plant Disinfection System Modifications

The Authority modified the Pensacola Beach Wastewater Treatment Plant disinfection system to chlorination followed by de-chlorination prior to discharge to the Santa Rosa Sound. The project also included provisions for re-use of up to 60,000 gallons per day as irrigation for the medians on Santa Rosa Island.

Sewer Expansion Program

Six sewer expansion projects were completed this year. The sewer expansion program provides for the installation of gravity sewer systems in residential areas, allowing the residents to convert from septic tank to the Authority's wastewater system. These six projects added 467 new wastewater services to the system at a cost to the Authority of \$2,538,000.

Sanitation

The Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) collection program began operations Saturday, July 10, 2010. The free program allows residential sanitation customers to call-in and request a pick-up of HHW items once-permonth. The collection includes the pick-up of items such as pool chemicals, household chemicals, paints, used cooking grease, lawn and garden chemicals, tires, propane tanks, and electronics. The goal of the program is to make disposal of these items more convenient and remove the temptation to dispose of these items improperly, which can harm the environment.

Financial Information

Long-Term Financial Planning. The Authority maintains a five-year capital improvements plan. Capital construction planning entails an evaluation and ranking process that begins in advance of the operating budget process. It is the Authority's philosophy that new projects are only undertaken if current and future operating revenues are sufficient to fund the associated operating costs. The current capital improvements plan totals \$307 million over the next five-year planning period.

Funding for the capital improvements plan for 2011 is scheduled to come from existing balances, operating revenues and bonds. The funding levels for 2012 through 2014 were based on the Feasibility Study completed in fiscal year 2010. The major portions of the projects will need to be funded from bond issues which will require annual rate increases.

Funding for the \$316 million CWRF came from various sources, including loans, grants from the Environmental Protection Agency, the State of Florida, and FEMA (for which there was a ten percent (10%) required match to be funded equally by the State and the Authority). Escambia County and the City of Pensacola are also participating in the funding. The Authority Board approved a Sewer Improvement Fee, starting in the summer of 2007, which is charged to all wastewater customers to aid in funding the debt service for the project.

Cash Management Policies and Practices. The Authority invested idle cash during the fiscal year according to investment policies adopted by the Board. Pursuant to Florida law, the policy follows the specific objectives of protection of principal, maximization of return, provision of sufficient liquidity, and diversification of investments to control risk. Funds were invested in the State of Florida, Board of Administration investment pool, enhanced cash funds, U.S. treasury securities, mutual funds, and state and local government securities. Investment income includes appreciation in the fair value of investments. Increases in fair value during the current year, however, do not necessarily represent trends that will continue; nor is it always possible to realize such amounts, especially in the case of temporary changes in the fair value of investments that the Authority intends to hold to maturity. Additional information on the Authority's investments can be found in Note 2 in the Notes to the Financial Statements section.

Risk Management. The Authority is self-insured for general liability and workers' compensation claims. The Authority carries additional property and business interruption insurance for catastrophic losses. Note 13 in the Notes to the Financial Statements section, and the Schedule of Insurance in the Statistical Section provide additional information regarding the Authority's risk management program.

Independent Audit. State statutes require that the Authority's financial statements be audited by an independent certified public accounting firm. This requirement has been satisfied by the certified public accounting firm of Saltmarsh, Cleaveland & Gund. Their report on the Authority's financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

Awards and Acknowledgements

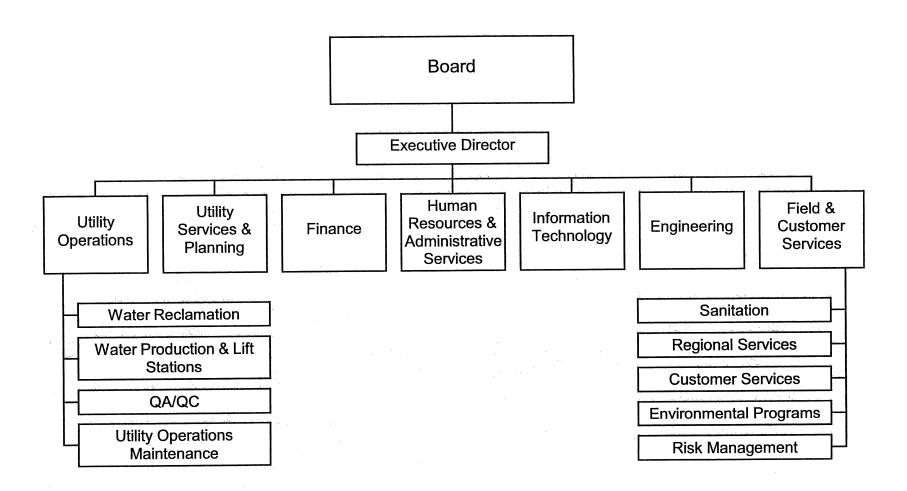
The Authority received a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. The Authority is proud to have received this award for twenty-two consecutive years. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. Preparation of this CAFR would not have been possible without the dedicated effort of the entire Finance Department staff. Credit must also be given to the Executive Director and to the Board for their commitment to maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Authority.

Respectfully submitted,

Executive Director

Director of Finance





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PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Board Members

Elvin McCorvey

Larry Walker

Dale Perkins

Lois Benson

Elizabeth Campbell

Authority Officials

Stephen E. Sorrell

Executive Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Emerald Coast Utilities Authority Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board Emerald Coast Utilities Authority Pensacola, Florida

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority as of and for the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority, as of September 30, 2010 and 2009, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 9, 2011 on our consideration of the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

Members of the Board Emerald Coast Utilities Authority

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 13 through 20 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section, supplementary information, and statistical section listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Pensacola, Florida March 9, 2011

Saltmarch Cleandand & Bund

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis offers readers of the Authority's financial statements an overview of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the letter of transmittal, and the financial statements with its accompanying notes.

Financial Highlights

- The Authority's assets exceeded its liabilities on September 30, 2010 by \$493 million (net assets), a \$21.5 million increase over the previous fiscal year. Of this amount, \$13 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations to customers and creditors. Of the remaining \$480 million, approximately \$436 million was invested in capital assets net of related debt, while the remainder was restricted for utility plant expansion (\$2 million) and debt service (\$42 million).
- The Authority's net capital assets increased by \$82.4 million, or 13.5% over the previous year.
- Long-term debt increased by approximately \$12 million over fiscal year 2009. Debt service coverage for 2010 was 145%, which exceeded the debt service covenants requirement of 125%.
- The Authority received \$15.8 million in FEMA grant funds during the year for the construction of the Central Water Reclamation Facility (CWRF). We also received \$21.8 million from the Florida State Revolving Loan Fund for the CWRF construction.
- Operating revenue for 2010 was \$95 million compared with \$92 million in 2009, a 3.9% increase. The increase is attributed to a 5.93% increase in water and wastewater rates effective October 1, 2009. Water consumption decreased 4.5% or 490 million gallons from 2009. Excluding depreciation, operating expenses increased 1.3% or \$800 thousand over fiscal year 2009.
- Developer contributions increased by almost \$1.8 million this year due to increased residential development.

Overview of the Annual Financial Report

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The Introductory section includes a letter of transmittal, the Authority's Organization Chart, and a list of Principal Officials. The Financial section includes Management's Discussion and Analysis, Financial Statements with accompanying notes, and the Supplementary Information schedules. The Statistical section includes selected financial, operational, and demographic information generally presented on a multi-year basis. Other reports by the auditor regarding internal accounting controls and compliance with laws and regulations are included in the final section of this report, along with the auditor's management letter.

The Authority is a single enterprise fund even though it provides various utility services. The financial statements present the financial position of the Authority using full accrual accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The financial statements include a balance sheet; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets; a statement of cash flows; and notes to the financial statements.

The **balance sheet** presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets are one indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets** presents the results of the business activities during the reporting period and information as to how the net assets changed during the year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. This statement can be used to determine whether the Authority has successfully recovered all its costs through its user fees and other charges.

The **statement of cash flows** presents changes in cash and cash equivalents, resulting from operating, capital and related financing, and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipts and cash disbursement information, without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises, or depreciation of capital assets.

The **notes to the financial statements** provide required disclosures and other information essential to fully understand the data provided in the financial statements. The notes present information about the Authority's significant accounting policies, account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments and contingencies.

The **supplementary information** section presents the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, the schedule of revenue and expenses compared to budget, and schedules that focus on the Water and Wastewater System and the Sanitation System. The schedule of revenue and expenses compared to budget can be used to determine the Authority's compliance with the budget. The separate schedules reflecting financial information for the Water and Wastewater System and the Sanitation System can be used to determine if the separate systems have recovered all associated costs for that system. It is the Board's philosophy that each system should be self-supporting.

Financial Analysis

The following Condensed Balance Sheets provide an analysis of the change in financial position from the previous fiscal years:

Condensed Balance Sheets

	September 30,		2010 to 200	09	
	2010	2009	2008	Dollars	%
Capital assets:					
Producing assets	\$403,620,977	\$402,915,480	\$356,611,947	\$705,497	0.2%
Construction in progress	290,746,312	208,970,244	82,689,058	81,776,068	39.1%
Current assets	39,643,815	70,115,711	46,564,791	(30,471,896)	-43.5%
Other assets	135,678,610	164,241,563	208,219,376	(28,562,953)	-17.4%
Total assets	\$869,689,714	\$846,242,998	\$694,085,172	\$23,446,716	2.8%
Long-term liabilities	\$329,169,866	\$316,855,244	\$326,076,063	\$12,314,622	3.9%
Current liabilities	47,518,444	57,949,429	41,981,851	(10,430,985)	-18.0%
Total liabilities	376,688,310	374,804,673	368,057,914	1,883,637	0.5%
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of					
related debt	435,474,150	389,252,405	231,047,907	46,221,745	11.9%
Restricted	44,601,206	42,240,604	39,086,480	2,360,602	5.6%
Unrestricted	12,926,048	39,945,316	55,892,871	(27,019,268)	-67.6%
Total net assets	493,001,404	471,438,325	326,027,258	21,563,079	4.6%
Total liabilities and net assets	\$869,689,714	\$846,242,998	\$694,085,172	\$23,446,716	2.8%

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. However, other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, customer growth, and legislative mandates should also be taken into consideration. In the case of the Authority, assets exceeded liabilities by \$493 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The increase in the Authority's net assets of \$21.5 million represents the extent to which revenues exceeded expenses during the year.

A major portion of the Authority's net assets (88%) reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Authority uses these assets to provide service to its customers and, consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Authority's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The increase of \$82 million in construction in progress is due to the construction of the CWRF which is substantially complete as of the end of fiscal year 2010. Of the \$291 million in construction in progress at September 30, 2010, \$266.4 million is related to the construction of the CWRF and the new lift stations and transmission lines necessary to divert the wastewater flow from the Main Street Wastewater Treatment Plant (MSWWTP).

The Authority receives grant funds from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for construction of the CWRF. As construction funds are expended, the Authority may submit reimbursement requests to FEMA. The 43.5% decrease in current assets of \$30.5 million is due to the receipt of \$29.4 million in requested FEMA funds. The decrease in other assets of \$28.5 million, or 17%, is mainly due to the decrease in the cash restricted for construction funds.

The Authority experienced an 18% decrease, or \$10.4 million, in current liabilities over fiscal year 2009. Accounts payable for capital improvements decreased \$12 million as construction of the CWRF wound down. This decrease is offset by a \$600 thousand increase in the current portion of long-term debt and an \$800 thousand increase in amounts due to other governments. FEMA conducted an audit of expenditures for Hurricane Ivan which hit Escambia County, Florida September 16, 2004. The audit revealed that the cost of repairs and mitigation were approximately \$800 thousand lower than originally estimated on project worksheets submitted to FEMA in the aftermath of Hurricane Ivan. The Authority must repay FEMA for the ineligible expenses.

Unrestricted Net Assets decreased by 68% or \$27 million. This is due to the \$33.6 million decrease in grants receivable, a \$5.6 million decrease in funds restricted for capital improvements and the \$12 million reduction in accounts payable for capital improvements.

The following Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, show the results of operations for the current and the prior two fiscal years:

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Three-Year Comparison Year Ended September 30,

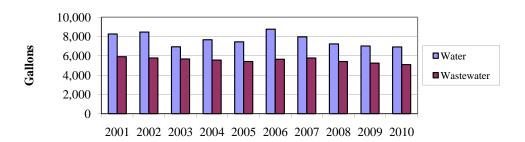
	2010	2009	2008
Revenues:			
Customer charges:			
Wastewater	\$39,211,690	\$36,416,004	\$35,719,850
Water	30,199,110	29,463,410	28,166,047
Sanitation	17,947,986	17,575,034	16,926,519
Total customer charges	87,358,786	83,454,448	80,812,416
Connection charges	232,556	246,311	467,002
Sewer improvement fee	5,917,989	5,923,779	6,096,632
Other	2,265,915	2,577,520	2,870,078
Total operating revenues	95,775,246	92,202,058	90,246,128
Expenses:			
Operating expenses:			
Water & Wastewater	67,245,872	63,297,144	61,644,777
Sanitation	17,380,513	17,121,273	15,666,729
Total operating expenses	84,626,385	80,418,417	77,311,506
Operating income	11,148,861	11,783,641	12,934,622
Non-operating revenue (expenses):			
Investment income	2,297,025	4,054,187	5,131,592
Settlement income	812,795	10,047,361	-
Interest expense	(12,906,621)	(14,102,379)	(9,864,288)
Hurricane diasaster expense, net	-	-	(327,014)
Loss on disposal of assets	(865,485)	(817,547)	(226,308)
Increase in net assets, before contributions	486,575	10,965,263	7,648,604
Capital contributions:			
Cash	18,700,643	133,868,156	15,431,297
Non-cash	2,375,861	577,648	5,564,290
Total capital contributions	21,076,504	134,445,804	20,995,587
Change in net assets	21,563,079	145,411,067	28,644,191
Net assets at beginning of year	471,438,325	326,027,258	297,383,067
Total net assets	\$493,001,404	\$471,438,325	\$326,027,258

Rate increases of 5.93%, 4%, and 2.7%, in 2010, 2009, and 2008 respectively account for the increase in water and wastewater revenue for the last three years. The water and wastewater customer base each increased by less than 1% from 2009 to 2010. The number of water customers rose by 253 after falling two straight years. Wastewater customers have increased by 167 accounts over the last three years. Customer conservation continued due to the economic downturn. Billed water consumption declined in 2010 after remaining at a constant level from 2008 to 2009. Management believes wastewater revenue for the three years shown above has been affected by the change in the sewer averaging period.

Residential wastewater charges are based on the customer's average water consumption during the winter months. Prior to 2007, the Authority used a three-month average as the basis for the individual's wastewater charge for the succeeding year. In 2007, we began reading residential water meters bi-monthly so the averaging period was switched to a four-month period. The averaging period was changed to a two-month period for the 2008 and 2009 averaging cycle. With the completion of the project to install automated meter reading (AMR) devices on the water meters, we returned to reading residential meters monthly for the 2010 fiscal year and resumed the three-month sewer averaging period. The use of a two-month sewer averaging period has shown that usage by customers has been reduced because of the shorter time period. Management believes the three-month averaging period is more representative of actual base consumption than the two-month period.

The following chart depicts average residential water usage and wastewater flows over the previous 10 years. Average residential water consumption has decreased each year since 2006. Average residential wastewater flows have decreased for two years in a row.

Average Residential Usage



Fiscal year 2010 was the first full year under the once-per-week sanitation collection system that was implemented in January 2009. Residential rates remained at 2009 levels due to the implementation of the once-per-week collection system, despite disposal rate (tipping fee) increases by Escambia County. The once-per-week system is working well with very few customer complaints. In fiscal year 2010, each residential sanitation customer generated an average of 1.24 tons of waste. This resulted in collection of a total of 73,555 tons of residential solid waste during the fiscal year. This is a reduction of 1,539 tons when compared to 2009. The two primary reasons for the decreased tonnage are the growth of the curbside recycling program and the continued downturn in the economy. While the amount of garbage collected by the Authority decreased, the cost of disposal increased due to tipping fee increases at the Perdido Landfill.

The Authority signed an agreement in January 2009 with Allied Waste to begin servicing 11,000 residential sanitation customers who were previously served by Allied. The same agreement required the Authority to assign its mainland Escambia dumpster accounts to Allied Waste and not re-enter the commercial front-loader dumpster market for the five-year term of the agreement. As a result of the changes to the collection system, the Board approved an 8.4% rate reduction to all Authority sanitation customers. Despite such a large rate reduction, sanitation revenue increased 3.8% over 2008 mainly due to the increase in the customer base.

Residential sanitation rates were increased 2.8% effective January 1, 2008 in response to an increase in disposal fees at the Escambia County-owned landfill and higher operating costs related to fuel. A fuel recovery fee was implemented by the Authority Board, effective March 1, 2008. The fee is fixed on a quarterly basis and is charged as a percentage of the customer's monthly residential sanitation charge. The fee was implemented in response to a flow control ordinance enacted by Escambia County which requires all trash that is collected in the county must be hauled to the Escambia County-owned Perdido Landfill. Prior to this, Authority trucks had used the centrally-located Allied Transfer Station when it was more convenient. The inability to use the transfer station was expected to require the use of an additional 50,000 gallons of fuel per year.

Total Authority operating expenses for 2010 were \$84.6 million, a 5.2% increase over 2009. Fiscal year 2010 water and wastewater operating expenses increased 6.2%, or \$4 million. The increase in depreciation of \$3 million on water and wastewater assets accounted for most of the increase. Other increases include contractual services and utility expenses.

Total Authority operating expenses for 2009 were \$80 million, a 4% increase over 2008. Fiscal year 2009 water and wastewater operating expenses increased 2%, or \$1.6 million. The increase in depreciation of \$1.1 million on water and wastewater assets accounted for most of the increase. Other increases include personnel costs and utility expenses.

In fiscal year 2010, sanitation operating expenses increased 1.5% or \$259 thousand. Increases in the costs for supplies, repairs and maintenance, tipping fees and depreciation were offset by decreases in personnel costs and professional services. The 9.2% increase in sanitation operating expenses of \$1.5 million from 2008 to 2009 is a result of expanding residential sanitation service into the north end of Escambia County.

Non-cash contributions, which had been declining for two years due to the decrease in construction in Escambia County, rose 311% from \$577 thousand in 2009 to \$2 million in 2010. The utility system contributions are primarily residential and have been completed in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the Authority. These contributions are not budgeted, as they are generally non-cash, of limited relevance to rate setting, and the timing is not subject to the Authority control.

Capital Assets

During fiscal year 2010, the Authority spent \$103 million on construction projects including \$82 million on the CWRF, \$9 million to expand and upgrade the gravity sewer system, \$3 million to upgrade water lines and maintain wells and water tanks, \$2.3 million on replacement vehicles, and \$2 million on the Pensacola Beach Wastewater Treatment Plant.

In 2009, approximately \$184.5 million was expended on construction-in-progress. Significant capital investments in construction projects included \$146 million for the CWRF, \$11 million to construct or upgrade wells and water lines, \$10 million for sewer system expansion and line replacement, and \$7 million to complete the AMR device installation project.

During fiscal year 2008, the Authority spent \$69 million on capital improvement projects. Significant projects included \$19 million for the CWRF, \$10 million for the AMR device installation project, \$9.5 million for the NAS Pensacola sewer system connection, \$9 million for sewer system expansion and line replacement, \$8 million to construct or upgrade wells and water lines, and \$4.4 million to upgrade lift stations.

See Note 4 in the Notes to the Financial Statements section for additional information on the Authority's capital assets.

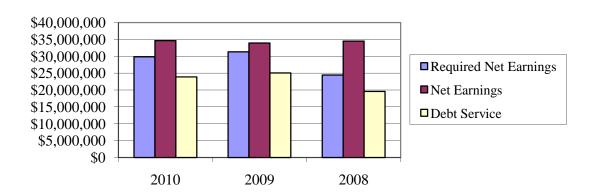
Debt Administration

The Authority received a \$20 million loan from the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Revolving Loan Fund (SRF) to finance the construction of the CWRF. The Authority did not issue any new debt during fiscal year 2009. In 2008, the Authority issued \$130 million in utility system revenue notes and received approximately \$8.4 million in loans from the SRF for the CWRF construction. Debt incurred under the State of Florida Revolving Loan program, outstanding at the end of fiscal year 2010, amounted to \$41.3 million. As of September 30, 2010, the Authority had outstanding revenue note and bonds in the amount of \$285 million. The Authority also entered into \$17 million in capital leases in 2008 to fund the AMR device installation program and replace several residential sanitation vehicles. As of September 30, 2010, the Authority had outstanding lease purchase obligations in the amount of \$13.7 million. Additional information on the Authority's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 in the Notes to the Financial Statements section.

In the bond resolution, the Authority covenants that it will fix, establish, and revise from time to time whenever necessary, maintain and collect always such fees, rates, rentals, and other charges for the use of the product, services and facilities of the System which will always provide gross revenues in each year sufficient to pay 100% of all costs of operation and maintenance of the system, and 125% of the bond service requirement due in each year on all outstanding bonds. The rate covenant in the bond resolution obligates the Authority to review rates annually and to revise such rates and charges as necessary to meet the coverage test and to pay 100% of all costs of operations and maintenance of the System during that fiscal year.

Even with the downward spiraling economy, the Authority has maintained higher debt service coverage than mandated. Debt service coverage for 2010 and 2009 was 145% and 135%, respectively, both of which exceeded the debt service covenants requirement of 125%. The Authority believes the ratio is appropriate for the degree of risk in the organization, and it is clear evidence of the strength of its equity. The following table presents the required net earnings as defined by the bond covenants, actual net earnings available for debt service, and total annual debt service. Additional debt service coverage is shown in the statistical section of this report.

Net Earnings Available for Debt Service



Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Previous engineering studies have pointed out the need to address the Authority's aging infrastructure. Due to the economic downturn of the last two years, Authority personnel have joined together to cut expenditures and defer capital spending when possible. The Authority is well aware of the need to maintain commodity charges at appropriate levels to maintain the financial integrity of the water, wastewater and sanitation systems. As such, the fiscal year 2011 budget adopted by the Board includes water and wastewater rate adjustments of 8%, and 2% for sanitation. The rate increase also provides funding for a bond issue to fund \$30.5 million in water and wastewater construction projects.

The Water and Wastewater operating budget expenses reflect an increase of 4.58%. The increase includes funding to operate the MSWWTP for a portion of 2011. Without this funding, the increase is only 1.21%. The increase provides funding for the increase in the Florida Retirement System rate, the cost of operating three major new lift stations and other minor costs increases.

The Sanitation operating budget expenses reflect an increase of 8.25% to provide funding for the expanded recycling program and the household hazardous waste pickup program, both of which were implemented in fiscal year 2010.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the Authority's ratepayers and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority, Director of Finance, PO Box 15311, Pensacola, FL 32514-0311, or e-mail dbuckley@ecua.org.



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EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009

ASSETS

	2010		2009	
Current Assets:				
Unrestricted assets -				
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$	6,489,885	\$	4,783,359
Accounts receivable less allowance for doubtful accounts				
of \$960,500 and \$1,022,900 in 2010 and 2009, respectively		13,772,554		12,896,163
Grants receivable		640,216		34,269,416
Materials and supplies (note 1)		3,351,802		3,052,842
Prepaid expenses		92,683		125,435
Restricted assets -				
Restricted by debt agreements -				
Sinking fund		11,338,903		11,072,872
Customer deposits		3,957,772		3,915,624
Total current assets		39,643,815		70,115,711
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted assets -				
Restricted by debt agreements -				
Renewal and replacement fund		6,904,613		6,032,344
Operating and maintenance fund		5,241,075		5,338,311
Construction fund		82,452,755		106,979,434
Forward supply agreement		18,902,979		17,362,070
Impact fees		2,213,636		2,435,007
Capital improvement program		5,630,826		11,265,091
Sewer improvement fees		6,935,442		7,195,786
Self-insurance funds (note 13)		4,997,116		4,997,116
Total noncurrent restricted assets		133,278,442		161,605,159
Capital assets -		, , ,		<u> </u>
Utility plant in service		580,636,342		558,650,266
Construction work in progress		290,746,312		208,970,244
Intangible assets		14,996,954		14,996,954
<u>C</u>		886,379,608		782,617,464
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		192,012,319		170,731,740
Total capital assets (notes 1 and 4)		694,367,289		611,885,724
Unamortized debt issuance costs (net of accumulated				
amortization of \$2,474,148 and \$2,237,912 in 2010				
and 2009, respectively) (note 1)		2,400,168		2,636,404
Total noncurrent assets		830,045,899		776,127,287
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Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	869,689,714	\$	846,242,998

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

	2010	2009
Current Liabilities (Payable From Current Assets):		
Accounts payable	\$ 3,046,261	\$ 2,853,204
Due to other governments	1,172,425	356,063
Payroll and compensated absences payable (note 1)	2,931,766	2,729,688
Other current liabilities	17,982	17,905
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	7,168,434	5,956,860
Current Liabilities (Payable From Restricted Assets):		
Current portion of long-term debt (notes 1 and 6)	12,031,638	11,444,327
Accrued interest payable	3,629,497	3,864,825
Accounts payable - capital improvements	19,566,502	31,846,364
Customer deposits	3,957,772	3,936,925
Claims liabilities (note 13)	1,164,601	900,128
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	40,350,010	51,992,569
Total current liabilities	47,518,444	57,949,429
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Long-term debt (notes 1 and 6)	325,684,759	314,303,601
Long-term compensated absences and benefits payable (notes 1 and 12)	3,165,579	2,232,115
Deferred capital contributions (note 1)	319,528	319,528
Total long-term liabilities	329,169,866	316,855,244
Total liabilities	376,688,310	374,804,673
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	435,474,150	389,252,405
Restricted for debt service and other bond requirements (<i>note 1</i>)	42,387,570	39,805,597
Restricted for expansion of utility plant (note 1)	2,213,636	2,435,007
Unrestricted	12,926,048	39,945,316
Total net assets	493,001,404	471,438,325
Commitments and Contingencies (note 14)		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 869,689,714	\$ 846,242,998

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009

	2010	2009
Operating Revenue:		
Customer charges -		
Wastewater	\$ 39,211,690	\$ 36,416,004
Water	30,199,110	29,463,410
Sanitation	17,947,986	17,575,034
Connection charges	232,556	246,311
Sewer improvement fees	5,917,989	5,923,779
Other	2,265,915	2,577,520
Total operating revenue	95,775,246	92,202,058
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation and Amortization:		
Personal services	34,573,672	34,778,721
Contractual services	3,061,248	2,253,532
Professional services	739,686	845,239
Supplies	6,023,004	6,141,679
Repairs and maintenance	3,458,930	3,119,385
Heat, light and power	6,652,523	6,389,596
Tipping fees	3,774,238	3,651,319
Other	3,592,195	3,898,860
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization	61,875,496	61,078,331
Operating Income Before Depreciation and Amortization	33,899,750	31,123,727
Depreciation and Amortization	22,750,889	19,340,086
Operating income	11,148,861	11,783,641
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):		
Investment income	2,297,025	4,054,187
Settlement income	812,795	10,047,361
Interest expense	(12,906,621)	(14,102,379)
Loss on disposal of assets	(865,485)	(817,547)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(10,662,286)	(818,378)
Income Before Capital Contributions	486,575	10,965,263
Capital contributions - cash (note 8)	18,700,643	133,868,156
Capital contributions - noncash (note 8)	2,375,861	577,648
Change in Net Assets	21,563,079	145,411,067
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	471,438,325	326,027,258
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 493,001,404	\$ 471,438,325

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EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009

	2010	2009
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Cash received from customers and others	\$ 98,400,299	\$ 103,617,266
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(41,105,547)	(39,455,666)
Cash paid to employees for services	(21,934,664)	(22,266,536)
Net cash provided by operating activities	35,360,088	41,895,064
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(116,143,111)	(178,744,914)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	22,266,883	-
Principal paid on long-term debt	(11,621,532)	(10,887,876)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(11,582,595)	(11,481,364)
Proceeds from sale of assets	141,171	18,271
Contributions from developers, customers and		
other governments	52,970,059	100,560,794
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(63,969,125)	(100,535,089)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Investment income	(1,013,826)	2,810,685
Purchases of investments	(107,418,738)	(104,038,537)
Proceeds from maturities of investments and notes receivable	145,312,295	7,902,620
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	36,879,731	(93,325,232)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,270,694	(151,965,257)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	38,424,464	190,389,721
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 46,695,158	\$ 38,424,464

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009 (Continued)

	2010		2009	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by Operations:				
Operating income	\$	11,148,861	\$	11,783,641
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities -				
Depreciation and amortization		22,750,889		19,340,086
Settlement income		812,795		10,047,361
Changes in -				
Accounts receivable, net		(1,516,607)		(1,520,203)
Materials and supplies		(298,960)		201,230
Prepaid expenses		32,752		105,965
Accounts payable		193,057		567,444
Due to other governments		816,362		26,250
Payroll and compensated absences payable		202,078		218,587
Other current liabilities		77		(8,510)
Long-term compensated absences payable		933,464		950,019
Customer deposits		20,847		(20,328)
Claims liabilities		264,473		203,522
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	35,360,088	\$	41,895,064
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents per				
Statements of Cash Flows to the Balance Sheets:				
Cash and investments	\$	6,489,885	\$	4,783,359
Restricted assets		148,575,117		176,593,655
		155,065,002		181,377,014
Less notes receivable and investments		(108,369,844)		(142,952,550)
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	46,695,158	\$	38,424,464
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital				
and Financing Activities:				
Property contributed by developers and others (note 8)	\$	2,375,861	\$	577,648
Unrealized appreciation in fair value of investments	\$	3,310,851	\$	1,243,502

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Defining the Reporting Entity:

The Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (formerly, the Escambia County Utilities Authority) (the "Authority") was formed pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 81-376 Laws of Florida, Special Acts of 1981 as amended. The Authority is governed by a Board of five members elected from districts located in Escambia County, Florida. The purpose of the Authority as mandated by the Legislature is to acquire, consolidate, manage and operate the water and wastewater systems in Escambia County.

In addition to its water and wastewater utility, the Authority also operates a sanitation collection utility for both residential and commercial services. The Authority has established a policy that the sanitation system be self-supporting.

The Emerald Coast Utilities Authority is an independent special district as defined by Section 218.31, Florida Statutes and is not included for financial reporting purposes as a component unit of Escambia County or the City of Pensacola, Florida. There are no organizations that should be considered for inclusion as component units in the Authority's financial statements.

Fund Accounting:

The Authority is accounted for as an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. As allowed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), the Authority has elected not to adopt Statements and Interpretations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued after November 30, 1989.

Basis of Accounting:

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The Authority is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and related expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation:

The Authority has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*. Statement 34 establishes standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities which includes a Management's Discussion and Analysis section, a balance sheet, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets and a statement of cash flows. It requires the classification of net assets into three components: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted.

Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

General Budget Policies:

The Board approves total budget appropriations only. The Executive Director is authorized to transfer budget amounts between departmental and object codes. However, any revisions that alter the total appropriations must be approved by the Board. Therefore, the level of budgetary responsibility is by total appropriations; however, for report purposes, this level has been expanded to an object code basis (personal services, contractual services, professional services, etc.). All appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management device during the year.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting:

The budget is prepared on a basis that differs significantly from generally accepted accounting principles. The primary differences are as follows:

- 1) The budget does not include a provision for depreciation expense or amortization of debt issuance costs.
- 2) The budget includes provisions for capital outlay and debt retirement which are not included in the results of operations under generally accepted accounting principles.

The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as amended during the year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Materials and Supplies:

Materials and supplies are recorded at the lower of average cost or market.

Restricted Assets:

Assets required to be segregated pursuant to the revenue bond resolutions, by state law, or by Board designation are identified as restricted assets.

Investments:

Investments are stated at fair value.

Capital Assets:

The Authority capitalizes property with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Property acquired through purchase or internal construction is stated at cost. Property contributed by customers and developers is recorded at its fair value at the date received as estimated by engineers. The utility plant is depreciated using the composite straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives are generally as follows:

Buildings20 to 40 yearsImprovements20 to 40 yearsEquipment5 to 10 years

Capitalization of Interest:

The Authority capitalizes interest on all major construction projects. All other interest is charged to operations as incurred.

Intangible Assets:

Intangible assets are amounts paid for solid waste collection rights within unincorporated areas of Escambia County. The amounts are being amortized over 30 years using the straight-line method.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Debt Issuance Costs:

Debt issuance costs are amortized over the estimated life of the issue using the straight-line method.

Long-Term Debt/Capital Appreciation Bonds:

Capital appreciation bonds are recorded at their issuance price plus accretion. The difference between the issuance price and the maturity value of the capital appreciation bonds is recognized as accretion over the life of the bonds using the interest method.

Accumulated Compensated Absences:

It is the Authority's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused annual leave. Accordingly, the Authority records an accrual for earned but unused annual leave in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16 Accounting for Compensated Absences.

Net Assets:

Equity is classified as net assets and is further classified in the following components:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Debt related to unspent proceeds or other restricted cash and investments is excluded from the determination.

Restricted for debt service and other bond requirements - Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use by revenue bond resolution.

Restricted for expansion of utility plant - Consists of impact fees received and to be used only for expansion of the utility plant.

Unrestricted - Consists of all other net assets not included in the above categories.

Restricted and Unrestricted Resources:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Operating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Authority's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are customer charges for water, wastewater and sanitation services. Operating expenses include the cost of providing utility services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Revenue and Deferred Revenue:

The Authority bills customers for water, wastewater and sanitation services monthly on a cycle basis. Unbilled revenue between the end of the cycle and the end of the month is accrued. Connection charges are based on actual costs and, accordingly, are recorded as revenue. Connection charges collected in advance are recorded as deferred revenue.

Capital Contributions and Deferred Capital Contributions:

Capital contributions are recognized in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets when earned, and include impact fees, construction grants and property received from customers and developers. Construction grants and impact fees received in advance are recorded as deferred capital contributions.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The investment of surplus funds and restricted reserve funds is governed by the Authority's investment policy under the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. Investments authorized by the Authority's investment policy and state statute include intergovernmental investment pools, money market funds, including money market mutual funds, interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories, direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and instrumentalities, and other investments authorized by law or by resolution for a special district.

Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, provides that deposits must be placed in a depository designated under the provisions of Chapter 136 and the regulations of the Department of Banking and Finance as a qualified public depository. As such, these deposits are considered to be fully insured.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits:

The Authority's deposits at September 30, 2010 and 2009 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or pooled collateral held by the State Treasurer under the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. At September 30, 2010 and 2009, the carrying amount of the deposits was \$46,694,937 and \$38,424,464, respectively, and the bank balance was \$46,790,143 and \$38,234,960, respectively.

Investments:

As of September 30, 2010, the Authority had the following investments:

	Maturities	2010		 2009
U.S. Treasury Securities	November 2014	\$	18,902,979	\$ 18,860,742
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund	d Average of 52 days		12,133,589	24,814,544
Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund	Average of 7.49 years		949,329	1,227,264
U.S. Government Agency Securities	Average of 105 days		57,327,773	46,783,771
Mortgage-Backed Securities	Average of 89 days		19,055,995	51,265,496
		\$	108,369,665	\$ 142,951,817

Interest Rate Risk:

The Authority does not have a provision within its investment policy that sets forth specific limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk:

In November 2007, the State Board of Administration ("SBA") implemented a temporary freeze on assets held in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool ("Pool") due to an unprecedented amount of withdrawals from the Pool coupled with the absence of market liquidity for certain securities within the Pool. The significant amount of withdrawals followed reports that the Pool held asset-backed commercial paper that was subject to sub-prime mortgage risk. In December 2007, based on recommendations from an outside financial advisor, the SBA restructured the Pool into two separate pools. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("LGIP") consisted of all money market appropriate assets, which was approximately \$12 billion or 86% of Pool assets. Fund B Surplus Funds Trust Fund ("Fund B") consisted of assets that either defaulted on a payment, paid more slowly than expected, and/or had any significant credit and liquidity risk, which was approximately \$2 billion or 14% of Pool assets. At the time of restructuring, pool participants had their balances proportionately allocated into the LGIP and Fund B.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued):

The Authority's investment policy limits its investments in money market mutual funds to the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency. Standard and Poor's Ratings Services assigned its "AAAm" principal stability fund rating to the LGIP as of September 30, 2010. The LGIP is an external 2a7-like investment pool, in which the fair value of the Authority's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. Fund B is a fluctuating net asset value ("NAV") pool, and the fair value factor applied to the cost of investments in Fund B was .707058094 as of September 30, 2010. Fund B was not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency as of September 30, 2010.

Participants cannot make additional deposits into, or any withdrawals from, Fund B. Participants in Fund B will receive periodic distributions to the extent that Fund B receives proceeds deemed material by the SBA from (1) the natural maturities of securities, coupon interest collections, or collateral interest and principal paydowns; or (2) the sale of securities, collateral liquidation, or other restructure and workout activities undertaken.

Additional information regarding the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund may be obtained from the State Board of Administration.

NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets consisted of the following:

	2010	2009
Cash and investments Impact fees notes receivable	\$ 148,574,938 179	\$ 176,592,922 733
	\$ 148,575,117	\$ 176,593,655

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity during the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Cost		.=		-	
Depreciable:					
Buildings and building					
improvements	\$ 8,210,249	\$ 49,535	\$	\$	\$ 8,259,784
Improvements other					
than buildings	467,064,940	11,245,737	(1,391,699)	9,743,618	486,662,596
Improvements under					
capital lease	15,537,673				15,537,673
Equipment	42,192,656	3,030,067	(1,085,268)		44,137,455
Equipment under					
capital lease	1,683,752				1,683,752
Intangible assets	14,996,954				14,996,954
Nondepreciable:					
Land	23,960,996	394,086			24,355,082
Construction in progress	208,970,244	91,519,686		(9,743,618)	290,746,312
Total	782,617,464	106,239,111	(2,476,967)		886,379,608
Less Accumulated Depre	eciation and Am	ortization			
Buildings and building					
improvements	2,663,705	248,781			2,912,486
Improvements other	, ,	,			, ,
than buildings	133,140,874	16,989,229	(406,342)		149,723,761
Improvements under	, ,	, ,	, , ,		, ,
capital lease	-	1,500,044			1,500,044
Equipment	26,095,820	3,299,514	(1,063,968)		28,331,366
Equipment under			, , , ,		
capital lease	375,378	210,168			585,546
Intangible assets	8,455,963	503,153			8,959,116
Total	170,731,740	22,750,889	(1,470,310)		192,012,319
	\$ 611,885,724	\$ 83,488,222	\$ (1,006,657)	\$ -	\$ 694,367,289

Of the above amount classified as improvements other than buildings, approximately \$7,900,000 is the cost of the Warrington and Perdido Bay Wastewater Treatment Plants, which have been closed and are operating as lift stations. Certain components of these plants have been transferred to other sections of capital assets.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Of the above amount classified as land, approximately \$16,825,000 was acquired in connection with the relocation of the Main Street Wastewater Treatment Plan. The new plant was still under construction at September 30, 2010 and therefore was not being utilized in operations. The remainder of costs incurred for the relocation project are included in construction in progress.

NOTE 5 - CAPITALIZED INTEREST

Total interest costs incurred for the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 amounted to \$16,632,684 and \$16,847,347, respectively. Of these amounts, \$3,726,063 and \$2,692,291 were capitalized in the respective years as part of the cost of the utility plant.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

		2010		2009
\$42,869,776 Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 1992B, including \$31,620,000 of current interest bonds and \$11,249,776 of capital appreciation bonds, interest from 3.4% to 6.25%, maturing in annual installments through	ф	42 9/0 77/	¢r.	42 257 159
January 2015, secured by net revenue	\$	42,869,776	>	42,257,158
\$30,790,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A-C, interest from 3.6% to 5.1%, maturing in annual installments through January 2023, secured by net revenue, \$9,160,000 defeased in December 2006		11,025,000		12,050,000
\$18,200,000 Sanitation System Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1998, interest form 3.6% to 4.6%, maturing in annual installments through January 2022, secured by net revenue		9,870,000		10,475,000
\$40,010,000 Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1998D, interest from 4% to 5%, maturing in annual installments through January 2011, secured by net revenue		2,200,000		6,470,000
\$10,340,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001, interest from 3.75% to 5.28%, maturing in annual installments through January 2031, secured by net revenue		7,460,000		7,820,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	2010	2009
\$51,897,499 State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Revolving Loans, interest from 2.17% to 3.27%, maturing through October 2031, secured by net revenue	41,285,145	20,080,754
\$5,845,000 Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2001B, interest from 3% to 5%, maturing in annual installments through January 2022, secured by net revenue	4,085,000	4,335,000
\$23,150,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, interest from 2% to 5.25%, maturing in annual installments through January 2033, secured by net revenue	20,210,000	20,725,000
\$15,800,000 Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, interest from 2% to 4.5%, maturing in annual installments through July 2027, secured by net revenue	13,555,000	14,105,000
\$17,335,000 Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, interest from 4% to 5.25%, maturing in annual installments through January 2036, secured by net revenue	17,000,000	17,335,000
\$28,660,000 Utility System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B, interest from 4% to 5%, maturing in annual installments through January 2029, secured by net revenue	26,995,000	28,310,000
\$130,000,000 Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2008, interest at 4.91%, maturing in annual installments through July 2028, secured by net revenue	129,885,000	130,000,000
\$15,500,000 capital lease, interest at 4.41%, payments due annually through September 2027	13,706,820	14,241,244
\$1,683,752 capital lease, interest at 3.96%, payments due annually through September 2010	-	574,616
Less: Unamortized bond premiums (discounts), net Deferred loss on refunding	1,484,181 (3,914,525)	1,602,604 (4,633,448)
Less current maturities	337,716,397 12,031,638	325,747,928 11,444,327
	\$ 325,684,759	\$ 314,303,601

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Capital leases noted in the above schedule are categorized as improvements under capital lease and equipment under capital lease.

Long-term liabilities activity during the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Current
	Balance	 Additions	Reductions	Balance	 Portion
			 _		 _
Bonds and note	\$ 310,932,068	\$ 22,266,883	\$ (9,189,374)	\$ 324,009,577	\$ 11,473,614
Capital leases	14,815,860		(1,109,040)	13,706,820	558,024
Compensated absences					
and benefits payable	3,175,054	1,891,113	(880,275)	4,185,892	1,020,313
Deferred capital					
contributions	319,528			319,528	-
	\$ 329,242,510	\$ 24,157,996	\$ (11,178,689)	\$ 342,221,817	\$ 13,051,951
	\$ 329,242,510	\$ 24,157,996	\$ (11,178,689)	\$ 342,221,817	\$ 13,051,951

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt outstanding at September 30, 2010 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	 Total
2011	\$ 12,031,638	\$ 15,203,277	\$ 27,234,915
2012	12,766,058	14,411,719	27,177,777
2013	14,060,066	13,777,846	27,837,912
2014	14,740,260	13,091,830	27,832,090
2015	23,861,304	11,842,637	35,703,941
2016-2020	79,693,256	50,495,249	130,188,505
2021-2025	93,031,826	31,096,999	124,128,825
2026-2030	70,228,431	9,648,571	79,877,002
2031-2035	10,772,417	1,463,858	12,236,275
2036	1,135,000	59,588	1,194,588
	\$ 332,320,256	\$ 161,091,574	\$ 493,411,830

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

There are a number of covenants in the debt agreements. One such covenant requires that the Authority's net revenue each year be equal to at least 125% of annual debt service requirements. Debt service coverage for 2010 and 2009 was 145% and 135%, respectively.

NOTE 7 - ADVANCE REFUNDINGS OF DEBT

The Authority has issued refunding revenue bonds to defease certain outstanding bonds for the purpose of consolidation and to achieve debt service coverage savings. The Authority has placed the proceeds from the refunding issues in irrevocable escrow accounts with a trust agent to insure payment of debt service on the refunded bonds.

Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the Authority's financial statements. Although defeased, the refunded debt from these earlier issues will not be actually retired until the call dates have come due or until maturity if they are not callable issues.

At September 30, 2010, the Authority has \$62,575,000 of bonds outstanding that are considered to be defeased.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Capital contributions for the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	 2010	 2009
Capital contributions - cash -		
Impact fees	\$ 2,213,636	\$ 2,435,008
Main Street Wastewater Treatment Plant relocation	15,440,244	127,580,579
Other	 1,046,763	 3,852,569
	\$ 18,700,643	\$ 133,868,156
Capital contributions - noncash -		
Property contributed by developers and others	\$ 2,375,861	\$ 577,648

Capital contributions include grant funds awarded to the Authority to finance replacement of the Main Street Wastewater Treatment Plant. During the year ended September 30, 2009, the activity related to the new wastewater treatment plant increased significantly as the design phase of the project was completed and construction began.

NOTE 9 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Authority has issued revenue bonds to finance capital acquisitions for its water and wastewater department and for its sanitation department. Both departments are accounted for in a single enterprise fund (i.e., the Authority). However, investors in the revenue bonds rely solely on the revenue generated by the individual departments for repayment. Summary financial information by department is presented below:

2010				2009				
Water and				Water and				
	Wastewater		Sanitation	_	Wastewater		Sanitation	
\$	36,891,213	\$	2,752,602	\$	67,474,002	\$	2,641,709	
_	806,104,656		23,941,243		751,635,136		24,492,151	
\$	842,995,869	\$	26,693,845	\$	819,109,138	\$	27,133,860	
							_	
	44,884,746		2,633,698		55,064,725		2,884,704	
_	320,334,102		8,835,764		307,687,153		9,168,091	
	365,218,848		11,469,462		362,751,878		12,052,795	
\$	423,842,711	\$	11.631.439	\$	377,620,123	\$	11,632,282	
	, ,	•				·	1,948,381	
	11,282,686		1,643,362		38,444,914		1,500,402	
	477,777,021		15,224,383		456,357,260		15,081,065	
\$	842,995,869	\$	26,693,845	\$	819,109,138	\$	27,133,860	
	<u>\$</u>	Water and Wastewater \$ 36,891,213 806,104,656 \$ 842,995,869 44,884,746 320,334,102 365,218,848 \$ 423,842,711 42,651,624 11,282,686 477,777,021	\$ 36,891,213 \$ 806,104,656 \$ 842,995,869 \$ 44,884,746 320,334,102 \$ 365,218,848 \$ 423,842,711 \$ 42,651,624 11,282,686 477,777,021	Water and Wastewater Sanitation \$ 36,891,213	Water and Wastewater Sanitation \$ 36,891,213	Water and Wastewater Sanitation Water and Wastewater \$ 36,891,213 \$ 2,752,602 \$ 67,474,002 \$ 806,104,656 23,941,243 751,635,136 \$ 842,995,869 \$ 26,693,845 \$ 819,109,138 44,884,746 2,633,698 55,064,725 320,334,102 8,835,764 307,687,153 365,218,848 11,469,462 362,751,878 \$ 423,842,711 \$ 11,631,439 \$ 377,620,123 42,651,624 1,949,582 40,292,223 11,282,686 1,643,362 38,444,914 477,777,021 15,224,383 456,357,260	Water and Wastewater Sanitation Water and Wastewater \$ 36,891,213 806,104,656 \$ 23,941,243 751,635,136 \$ 751,635,136 \$ 842,995,869 \$ 26,693,845 \$ 819,109,138 \$ 44,884,746 320,334,102 8,835,764 307,687,153 307,687,153 365,218,848 11,469,462 362,751,878 \$ 423,842,711 426,651,624 1,949,582 40,292,223 11,282,686 1,643,362 38,444,914 477,777,021 15,224,383 456,357,260	

NOTE 9 - SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

	2	010	2009				
	Water and		Water and				
	Wastewater	Sanitation	Wastewater	Sanitation			
Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets							
Operating revenue:							
Customer charges	\$ 69,410,800	\$ 17,947,986	\$ 65,879,414	\$ 17,575,034			
Other operating revenue (1)	11,474,296	271,029	11,361,250	274,410			
Total operating revenue	80,885,096	18,219,015	77,240,664	17,849,444			
Operating expenses:							
Depreciation and amortization	19,921,328	2,829,561	16,756,762	2,583,324			
Other operating expenses (1)	47,324,544	17,879,817	46,540,382	17,425,999			
Total operating expenses	67,245,872	20,709,378	63,297,144	20,009,323			
Operating income (loss)	13,639,224	(2,490,363)	13,943,520	(2,159,879)			
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):							
Investment income	2,288,736	8,289	4,014,169	40,018			
Interest expense	(12,326,613)	(580,008)	(13,473,057)	(629,322)			
Other nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(169,820)	117,130	9,227,336	2,478			
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(10,207,697)	(454,589)	(231,552)	(586,826)			
Income before capital contributions							
and transfers	3,431,527	(2,944,952)	13,711,968	(2,746,705)			
Capital contributions	21,076,504	-	134,445,804	-			
Transfers	(3,088,270)	3,088,270	(2,647,455)	2,647,455			
Change in net assets	21,419,761	143,318	145,510,317	(99,250)			
Net assets at beginning of year	456,357,260	15,081,065	310,846,943	15,180,315			
Net assets at end of year	\$ 477,777,021	\$ 15,224,383	\$ 456,357,260	\$ 15,081,065			

^{(1) –} Includes overhead charges between departments that are eliminated in the basic financial statements.

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

Net cash provided by (used for)				
Operating activities	\$ 31,571,465	\$ 3,788,623	\$ 38,222,078	\$ 3,672,986
Capital and related financing activities	(60,747,675)	(3,221,450)	(95,238,237)	(5,296,852)
Investing activities	35,920,008	959,723	(90,569,470)	(2,755,762)
Net increase (decrease)	6,743,798	1,526,896	(147,585,629)	 (4,379,628)
Cash and cash equivalents,				
beginning of year	 38,653,637	 (229,173)	 186,239,266	 4,150,455
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 45,397,435	\$ 1,297,723	\$ 38,653,637	\$ (229,173)

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

Florida Retirement System:

Authority employees hired before January 1, 1996 and all employees hired after September 30, 2007 are covered by the Florida Retirement System ("System"), a non-contributory, multiple-employer, cost-sharing public employee retirement system. Employees who retire with 30 years of credited service or at age 62 with 6 years of credited service are entitled to a benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6 percent of their average final compensation for each year of credited service. Average final compensation is the employee's average salary for the five highest years of salary earned during covered employment. Benefits fully vest on reaching 6 years of credited service. Vested employees may retire before age 62 or 30 years of credited service and receive reduced retirement benefits. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

A Deferred Retired Option Program ("DROP") has been established under Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. It permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payment while continuing employment with the Authority. An employee may participate in the DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund and accrue interest.

The Authority is required by State statute to make contributions to the System equal to a certain percent of covered employees' salaries. The percentages at September 30, 2010 were 10.77% for regular participants, 14.57% for senior management, 18.64% for elected officials, and 12.25% for DROP participants. Contributions for the years ended September 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$2,383,945, \$2,271,836, and \$2,162,340, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Division of Retirement, 2639 N. Monroe Street, Building C, Tallahassee, Florida 32399 or calling 1-850-488-6491.

Retirement Plan and Trust for the General Employees:

The Authority also sponsors a defined contribution retirement plan covering Authority employees hired after December 31, 1995 and before October 1, 2007 who elected to continue participation in the plan. The Authority established the defined contribution retirement plan to cover substantially all Authority employees hired subsequent to December 31, 1995. Effective October 1, 2007, employees who are eligible to participate in the Authority's defined contribution retirement plan could elect to transfer their participation from the Authority's plan to the Florida Retirement System. Under the Authority's Plan, which is administered by the Florida League of Cities, Inc., the Authority contributes 8 percent of the employees' gross salaries. The Plan does not allow for employee contributions. An employee becomes fully vested after six years of employment. The Authority contributed a total of \$56,062 and \$61,545 for the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, equal to the required contribution for each year.

NOTE 11 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Authority offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all Authority employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. As required by Internal Revenue Code Section 457, all assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Authority has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reported by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement sets forth rules for how governmental employers should account for Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB").

Prior to the implementation of Statement No. 45, the costs of the Authority OPEB have been reflected in the financial statements on a pay-as-you-go basis of accounting where the subsidy provided by the Authority, as described below, has been recorded as an expense only after employees retire, and then only one year at a time as the subsidy is paid. Statement No. 45 views the subsidy for retiree medical benefits as a form of compensation which must be accrued on the books of the Authority during an employee's working life, rather than waiting until the employee's service has been completed and he or she has retired.

Plan Description:

The Authority's retirees and their dependents are permitted to remain covered under the Authority's respective medical plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to coverage elected. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.0801, Florida Statutes.

Retirees are required to pay the full amount of the insurance company's stated premium in order to remain covered under the medical plan; however, the premiums charged are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. Since older retirees generally have higher costs, this means that the Authority is actually subsidizing the cost of the retiree and dependent coverage because it pays all or a significant portion of that premium on behalf of the active employees. This practice is categorized as an "implicit rate subsidy". The Authority has assumed an obligation to pay for the implicit subsidy for the covered lifetimes of the current retirees and their dependents, as well for the covered lifetimes of the current employees after they retire in the future.

Since this OPEB is directly tied to insurance coverage for active employees, a separate benefit plan has not been established to account for the benefits and obligations related to the implicit rate subsidy. Accordingly, a separate audited report is not prepared.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Funding Policy:

There is no separate trust through which benefits for retirees are funded. No assets are currently accumulated or earmarked for this purposes. All approved benefits are paid through insurance premiums from the Authority's general assets when due.

In order to begin and maintain retiree medical/prescription coverage, premium payments are required from the retiree. For dependent coverage, the retiree is required to pay a premium as well. If any required amounts are not paid timely, the coverage for the retiree and/or the dependent(s) will cease. The amount of the premium required for retiree and dependent coverage may change each plan year.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The Authority's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the actuarially determined annual required contribution ("ARC") of the employer. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The net OPEB obligation is included within long-term compensated absences and benefits payable on the balance sheets. The following table shows the components of the Authority's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Authority's net OPEB obligation:

		2010		2009
Normal cost (service cost for one year) Amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liability Interest on normal cost and amortization	\$	671,381 428,678 34,155	\$	671,381 412,191 9,623
Annual required contribution (ARC)	<u>\$</u>	1,134,214	\$	1,093,195
Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	<u>\$</u>	911,702	\$	
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC Annual OPEB cost (expense) Employer contributions made Increase in net OPEB obligation		1,134,214 32,821 (28,723) 1,138,312 (222,933) 915,379	_	1,093,195 - 1,093,195 (181,493) 911,702
Net OPEB obligation at end of year	\$	1,827,081	\$	911,702

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued):

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 and 2009 was as follows:

	2010		 2009	
Annual OPEB Cost	\$	1,138,312	\$ 1,093,195	
Amount Contributed	\$	222,933	\$ 181,493	
Percentage of OPEB Cost Contributed		19.6%	16.6%	
Net OPEB Obligation	\$	1,827,081	\$ 911,702	

Funded Status:

As of July 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the OPEB funding progress was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 12,854,310
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	\$ 12,854,310
Funded Ratio	0%
Covered Payroll	\$ 21,892,157
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	58.72%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future, such as assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following actuarial information was used:

		2010		2009
Contribution rate		1.0%		0.8%
Annual OPEB cost	\$	1,138,312	\$	1,093,195
Contributions made	\$	222,933	\$	181,493
Actuarial cost method		Entry Age		Entry Age
Amortization method	L	evel percent, closed	Le	evel percent, closed
Remaining amortization period		29 years		30 years
Asset valuation method		Unfunded		Unfunded
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return * Projected salary increases * Payroll growth assumptions Initial trend rate Ultimate trend rate	4.	3.6% .5% - 9.75% 4% 9% 5%	4	3.6% .5% - 9.75% 4% 9% 5%
* Includes general price inflation at		3%		3%

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority has established a self-insurance program to cover its risk of loss related to general liabilities and workers' compensation claims. The Authority purchases excess insurance coverage for workers' compensation claims with a \$100,000 deductible in order to protect itself against catastrophic losses. Settled claims have not exceeded this excess coverage in any of the last three fiscal years. Excess insurance coverage is not purchased for general liabilities claims because the sovereign immunity limits of the State of Florida essentially restricts general liabilities claims to \$100,000 per person and \$200,000 per General liabilities claims above \$100,000 would have to be approved by the State occurrence. Legislature.

Claims expenses and liabilities are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used to compute claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. The Authority does not discount its claims liabilities. Management believes that there are no significant liabilities for claims incurred but not reported at September 30, 2010.

Changes in claims liabilities for the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 are shown below:

	2010		2009	
Claims liabilities, beginning of year Claims incurred and changes in estimates Claims paid	\$	900,128 867,135 (602,662)	\$	696,606 1,186,927 (983,405)
Claims liabilities, end of year	\$	1,164,601	\$	900,128

At September 30, 2010, the Authority has restricted cash of \$4,997,116 for purposes of funding its claims liabilities.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Contingencies:

The Authority is involved in various lawsuits and claims incidental to the normal course of its operations. Management believes that any liability that may ultimately result from the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Authority.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Legal Contingencies (Continued):

During the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, the Authority received \$812,795 and \$10,047,361, respectively, in connection with a legal settlement agreement with various oil companies related to methyl tertiary butyl ether ("MTBE") contamination of drinking water caused by them within the Authority's service area.

Construction Commitments:

The Authority has contractual commitments of approximately \$40 million for construction projects at September 30, 2010.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The Water and Wastewater System and the Sanitation System do not meet the definition of a "fund" as defined by NCGA Statement 1: Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles and, therefore, are not funds for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, combining statements are not presented. The schedules for the above referenced Systems presented on pages 54 through 69 are not required by generally accepted accounting principles.

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Federal Agency, Pass-through Entity, Federal Program	Federal CFDA Number	Contract Grant Number	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Department of Homeland Security -			
Public Assistance Grants -			
Hurricane Ivan - 90%	97.036	05-PA-G=-01-27-20-602	\$ 15,033,998
Hurricane Ivan - 5% - State	97.036	05-PA-G=-01-27-20-602	830,455
Total Department of Homeland Security			15,864,453
Environmental Protection Agency -			
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan	66.458	N/A	21,834,255
Total Environmental Protection Agency			21,834,255
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 37,698,708

NOTE: The above schedule is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		Actual (GAAP Basis)	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis		Actual (Budgetary Basis)
Operating Revenue:		,	-		,
Customer charges -					
Wastewater	\$	39,211,690	\$	\$	39,211,690
Water		30,199,110			30,199,110
Sanitation		17,947,986			17,947,986
Connection charges		232,556			232,556
Sewer improvement fees		5,917,989			5,917,989
Other		2,265,915			2,265,915
Total operating revenue		95,775,246			95,775,246
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation and Amo	rtiza	ation:			
Personal services		34,573,672	(163,761)		34,409,911
Contractual services		3,061,248			3,061,248
Professional services		739,686			739,686
Supplies		6,023,004			6,023,004
Repairs and maintenance		3,458,930			3,458,930
Heat, light and power		6,652,523			6,652,523
Tipping fees		3,774,238			3,774,238
Other		3,592,195			3,592,195
Total operating expenses before					
depreciation and amortization		61,875,496	(163,761)		61,711,735
Income Before Depreciation and Amortization		33,899,750	163,761		34,063,511
Depreciation and Amortization		22,750,889	(22,750,889)		
Operating income		11,148,861	22,914,650		34,063,511
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):					
Investment income		2,297,025			2,297,025
Settlement income		812,795			812,795
Interest expense		(12,906,621)	(3,726,063)		(16,632,684)
Loss on disposal of assets		(865,485)	982,615		117,130
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		(10,662,286)	(2,743,448)	<u> </u>	(13,405,734)
Income Before Capital Contributions and					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		486,575	20,171,202		20,657,777
Capital contributions - impact fees and other		18,700,643			18,700,643
Capital contributions - noncash		2,375,861	(2,375,861)		-
Principal sinking fund requirements			(11,621,532)	_	(11,621,532)
Change in Net Assets	\$	21,563,079	\$ 6,173,809	\$	27,736,888

	Budget	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
_	20.211.400	
\$	39,211,688	\$ 2
	30,199,110	-
	17,947,983	3
	243,000	(10,444)
	5,917,988	1
	1,949,098	316,817
	95,468,867	306,379
	25 029 105	610 204
	35,028,195	618,284
	3,179,979	118,731
	739,691	5
	6,429,696	406,692
	3,458,965	35
	6,652,532	9
	3,774,238	-
	3,629,605	37,410
	62,892,901	1,181,166
	32,575,966	1,487,545
	32,575,966	1,487,545
	756,116	1,540,909
	812,795	-
	(16,632,690)	6
	117,130	-
	(14,946,649)	1,540,915
	17,629,317	3,028,460
	9,893,291	8,807,352
	(10,123,229)	(1,498,303)
\$	17,399,379	\$ 10,337,509

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009

ASSETS

	2010			2009		
Current Assets:						
Unrestricted assets -						
Cash and investments	\$	6,489,835	\$	4,783,309		
Accounts receivable less allowance for doubtful						
accounts of \$906,300 and \$953,700		12,621,059		11,768,425		
Grants receivable		640,216		34,269,416		
Materials and supplies		2,338,288		2,110,619		
Prepaid expenses		92,683		125,435		
Restricted assets -						
Restricted by debt agreements -						
Sinking fund		10,751,360		10,501,174		
Customer deposits		3,957,772		3,915,624		
Total current assets		36,891,213		67,474,002		
Noncurrent Assets:						
Restricted assets -						
Restricted by debt agreements -						
Renewal and replacement fund		6,759,203		5,881,006		
Operating and maintenance fund		4,024,446		4,112,966		
Construction fund		82,452,755		106,979,434		
Forward supply agreement		18,902,979		17,362,070		
Impact fees		2,213,636		2,435,007		
Capital improvement program		3,796,332		10,004,858		
Sewer improvement fees		6,935,442		7,195,786		
Self-insurance funds		4,997,116		4,997,116		
Total noncurrent restricted assets		130,081,909		158,968,243		
Capital assets -						
Utility plant in service		550,604,038		529,743,196		
Construction work in progress		290,745,458		208,970,244		
		841,349,496		738,713,440		
Less accumulated depreciation		167,561,077		148,502,478		
Total capital assets		673,788,419		590,210,962		
Unamortized debt issuance costs (net of accumulated						
amortization of \$2,259,149 and \$2,037,546)		2,234,328		2,455,931		
Total noncurrent assets		806,104,656		751,635,136		
Total Assets	\$	842,995,869	\$	819,109,138		

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

		2010	 2009
Current Liabilities (Payable From Current Assets):			
Accounts payable	\$	2,198,058	\$ 2,188,181
Due to other governments		1,162,303	346,589
Payroll and compensated absences payable		2,451,488	2,278,249
Other current liabilities		17,982	 17,905
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)		5,829,831	 4,830,924
Current Liabilities (Payable From Restricted Assets):			
Current portion of long-term debt		11,396,638	10,264,711
Accrued interest payable		3,518,204	3,746,877
Accounts payable - capital improvements		19,484,834	31,820,209
Customer deposits		3,957,772	3,936,925
Claims liabilities		697,467	 465,079
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)		39,054,915	50,233,801
Total current liabilities		44,884,746	 55,064,725
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Long-term debt		317,483,621	305,558,685
Long-term compensated absences and benefits payable		2,530,953	1,808,940
Deferred capital contributions		319,528	 319,528
Total long-term liabilities		320,334,102	 307,687,153
Total liabilities		365,218,848	362,751,878
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		423,842,711	377,620,123
Restricted for debt service and other bond requirements		40,437,988	37,857,216
Restricted for expansion of utility plant		2,213,636	2,435,007
Unrestricted		11,282,686	 38,444,914
Total net assets	_	477,777,021	456,357,260
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	842,995,869	\$ 819,109,138

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EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009

Constanter Revenue: Customer charges - \$39,211,690 \$36,416,004 Water 30,199,110 29,463,410 Connection charges 232,556 246,311 Sewer improvement fees 5,917,989 5,923,779 Charges for overhead 33,28,865 2,303,110 Total operating revenue 80,885,096 77,240,664 Operating Expenses Before Depreciation: Personal services 27,624,605 27,389,489 Contractual services 27,624,605 27,389,489 Contractual services 25,242,34 1,785,702 Contractual services 704,253 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,722 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Operating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169		2010	2009
Wastewater \$ 39,211,690 \$ 36,416,004 Water 30,199,110 29,463,410 Connection charges 232,556 246,311 Sewer improvement fees 5,917,989 5,923,779 Charges for overhead 3,328,865 2,888,050 Other 1,994,886 2,303,110 Total operating revenue 80,885,096 77,240,664 Operating Expenses Before Depreciation: Personal services 27,624,605 27,389,489 Contractual services 2,252,423 1,785,702 Professional services 704,223 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 4,229,711 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 31,80,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 33,500,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): <td< th=""><th>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</th><th> </th><th></th></td<>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	
Water 30,199,110 29,463,410 Connection charges 232,556 246,311 Sewer improvement fees 5,917,989 5,923,779 Charges for overhead 3,328,865 2,888,050 Other 1,994,886 2,303,110 Total operating revenue 80,885,096 77,240,664 Operating Expenses Before Depreciation: Personal services 27,624,605 27,389,489 Contractual services 2,524,234 1,785,702 Professional services 704,223 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciating necome 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonceptaing Revenue (Expenses): Investment income 2,288,736 4,014,169	•		
Connection charges 232,556 246,317 Sewer improvement fees 5,917,989 5,923,779 Charges for overhead 3,328,865 2,888,050 Other 1,994,886 2,303,110 Total operating revenue 80,885,096 77,240,664 Operating Expenses Before Depreciation: Personal services 27,624,605 27,389,489 Contractual services 2,524,234 1,785,702 Professional services 704,253 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Operating Income 19,921,328 16,756,762 Operating income 2,288,736 4,014,169 Settlement income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615)		\$ 	
Sewer improvement fees 5,917,989 5,923,779 Charges for overhead 3,328,865 2,888,050 Other 1,994,886 2,303,110 Total operating revenue 80,885,096 77,240,664 Operating Expenses Before Depreciation: Personal services 27,624,605 27,389,489 Contractual services 704,253 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Operating Revenue (Expenses): 19,921,328 16,756,762 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552)		, ,	
Charges for overhead Other 3,328,865 (2,888,050) 2,888,050 (1,994,886) 2,303,110 Total operating revenue 80,885,096 77,240,664 Operating Expenses Before Depreciation: Personal services 27,624,605 27,389,489 Contractual services 2,524,234 1,785,702 Professional services 704,253 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 33,60,552 30,700,282 Depreciating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 Settlement income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense 10,232,6613 (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) 1,232,6613	-	,	,
Other 1,994,886 2,303,110 Total operating revenue 80,885,096 77,240,664 Operating Expenses Before Depreciation: 27,624,605 27,389,489 Personal services 2,524,234 1,785,702 Professional services 704,253 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 Settlement income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense 12,236,613 (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527	•	, ,	
Total operating revenue 80,885,096 77,240,664 Operating Expenses Before Depreciation: 27,624,605 27,389,489 Personal services 2,524,234 1,785,702 Professional services 704,253 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 Investment income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees	•	, ,	
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation: Personal services 27,624,605 27,389,489 Contractual services 2,524,234 1,785,702 Professional services 704,225 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,866 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating income 2,288,736 4,014,169 Settlement income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,	Other	 1,994,886	2,303,110
Personal services 27,624,605 27,389,489 Contractual services 2,524,234 1,785,702 Professional services 704,251 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 1 Investment income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 <th>Total operating revenue</th> <th> 80,885,096</th> <th>77,240,664</th>	Total operating revenue	 80,885,096	77,240,664
Contractual services 2,524,234 1,785,702 Professional services 704,225 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 19,921,328 16,756,762 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 Investment income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - impact f	Operating Expenses Before Depreciation:		
Professional services 704,253 704,221 Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 13,639,224 13,943,520 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Chang	Personal services	27,624,605	27,389,489
Supplies 4,485,101 4,720,848 Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 19,921,328 16,756,762 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 1 10,47,361 Investment income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System 3,088,270 (2,647,455) Change in Net As	Contractual services	2,524,234	1,785,702
Repairs and maintenance 2,229,771 2,183,486 Heat, light and power 6,575,860 6,309,589 Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 19,921,328 16,756,762 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): *** Investment income 2,288,736 4,014,169 Settlement income 812,795 10,047,361 10,473,057 Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year	Professional services	704,253	704,221
Heat, light and power Other 6,575,860 3,180,720 6,309,589 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 10,700,282 16,756,762 Depreciation 19,921,328 16,756,762 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 10,047,361 Investment income 812,795 10,047,361 Settlement income 12,326,613 (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 (37,648) (33,888,156) Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 (30,888,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 (145,510,317) Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 (310,846,943)	Supplies	4,485,101	4,720,848
Other 3,180,720 3,447,047 Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 19,921,328 16,756,762 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 Interest expense 12,236,613 (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	Repairs and maintenance	2,229,771	2,183,486
Total operating expenses before depreciation 47,324,544 46,540,382 Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 30,700,282 Depreciation 19,921,328 16,756,762 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 Investment income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	Heat, light and power	6,575,860	6,309,589
Operating Income Before Depreciation 33,560,552 19,921,328 30,700,282 16,756,762 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 4,014,169 Settlement income 2,288,736 4,014,169 4,014,169 Settlement income 812,795 10,047,361 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) (231,735) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 2375,861 577,648 Capital contributions - noncash Transfers to Sanitation System 2,375,861 577,648 577,648 Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	Other	 3,180,720	3,447,047
Depreciation 19,921,328 16,756,762 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 Investment income 812,795 10,047,361 Settlement income (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	Total operating expenses before depreciation	 47,324,544	46,540,382
Depreciation 19,921,328 16,756,762 Operating income 13,639,224 13,943,520 Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): 2,288,736 4,014,169 Investment income 812,795 10,047,361 Settlement income (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	Operating Income Before Depreciation	33,560,552	30.700.282
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): Investment income 2,288,736 4,014,169 Settlement income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	·	 	· · ·
Investment income 2,288,736 4,014,169 Settlement income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	Operating income	 13,639,224	13,943,520
Investment income 2,288,736 4,014,169 Settlement income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):		
Settlement income 812,795 10,047,361 Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.288.736	4 014 169
Interest expense (12,326,613) (13,473,057) Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943			The state of the s
Loss on disposal of assets (982,615) (820,025) Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) (10,207,697) (231,552) Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943		,	
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers 3,431,527 13,711,968 Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	•	 	
Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	 (10,207,697)	(231,552)
Capital contributions - impact fees and other 18,700,643 133,868,156 Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	3,431,527	13,711,968
Capital contributions - noncash 2,375,861 577,648 Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943		10 500 (42	122.060.156
Transfers to Sanitation System (3,088,270) (2,647,455) Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943			· · ·
Change in Net Assets 21,419,761 145,510,317 Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	<u> </u>		· ·
Net Assets at Beginning of Year 456,357,260 310,846,943	Transfers to Sanitation System	 (3,088,270)	(2,647,455)
	Change in Net Assets	21,419,761	145,510,317
Net Assets at End of Year \$ 477,777,021 \$ 456,357,260	Net Assets at Beginning of Year	 456,357,260	310,846,943
	Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 477,777,021	\$ 456,357,260

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009

	2010	2009		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Cash received from customers and others	\$ 80,205,041	\$ 85,657,190		
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(31,169,662)	(29,714,739)		
Cash paid to employees for services	(17,463,914)	(17,720,373)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	31,571,465	38,222,078		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(114,462,330)	(175,096,810)		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	22,266,883	<u>-</u>		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(10,441,916)	(9,750,539)		
Interest paid on long-term debt	(11,101,787)	(10,951,682)		
Proceeds from sale of assets	21,416	<u>-</u>		
Contributions from developers, customers, and				
other governments	52,970,059	100,560,794		
Net cash provided used for capital and related financing activities	(60,747,675)	(95,238,237)		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Investment income	(972,926)	2,770,667		
Purchases of investments	(104,433,423)	(104,038,537)		
Proceeds from maturities of investments and notes receivable	141,326,357	10,698,400		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	35,920,008	(90,569,470)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,743,798	(147,585,629)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	38,653,637	186,239,266		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 45,397,435	\$ 38,653,637		

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009 (Continued)

		2010		2009
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Provided by Operations:				
Operating income	\$	13,639,224	\$	13,943,520
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to				
cash provided by operating activities -				
Depreciation		19,921,328		16,756,762
Settlement income		812,795		10,047,361
Transfers to Sanitation System		(3,088,270)		(2,647,455)
Changes in -				
Accounts receivable		(1,492,850)		(1,630,835)
Materials and supplies		(227,669)		194,705
Prepaid expenses		32,752		103,078
Accounts payable		9,877		453,823
Due to other governments		815,714		55,969
Payroll and compensated absences payable		173,239		202,023
Other current liabilities		77		(8,510)
Long-term compensated absences payable		722,013		749,077
Customer deposits		20,847		(20,328)
Claims liabilities		232,388		22,888
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	31,571,465	\$	38,222,078
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents per				
Statements of Cash Flows to the Balance Sheets:				
Cash and investments	\$	6,489,835	\$	4,783,309
Restricted assets		144,791,041		173,385,041
		151,280,876		178,168,350
Less notes receivable and investments		(105,883,441)		(139,514,713)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,397,435	\$	38,653,637
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:				
Property contributed by developers and others	•	2,375,861	\$	577,648
Unrealized appreciation in fair value of investments	<u>Φ</u>	3,261,662	\$	1,243,502
omeanzed appropriation in rail value of investments	Ψ	3,201,002	ψ	1,473,304

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	Actual Adjustment (GAAP to Budgetary Basis) Basis			Actual (Budgetary Basis)	
Operating Revenue:					
Customer charges -					
Wastewater	\$ 39,211,690	\$	\$	39,211,690	
Water	30,199,110			30,199,110	
Connection charges	232,556			232,556	
Sewer improvement fees	5,917,989			5,917,989	
Charges for overhead	3,328,865	(3,088,270)		240,595	
Other	 1,994,886			1,994,886	
Total operating revenue	 80,885,096	(3,088,270)		77,796,826	
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation:					
Personal services	27,624,605	(163,761)		27,460,844	
Contractual services	2,524,234			2,524,234	
Professional services	704,253			704,253	
Supplies	4,485,101			4,485,101	
Repairs and maintenance	2,229,771			2,229,771	
Heat, light and power	6,575,860			6,575,860	
Other	3,180,720			3,180,720	
Total operating expenses before					
depreciation	 47,324,544	(163,761)		47,160,783	
Operating Income Before Depreciation	33,560,552	(2,924,509)		30,636,043	
Depreciation	19,921,328	(19,921,328)		-	
Operating income	13,639,224	16,996,819		30,636,043	
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):					
Investment income	2,288,736			2,288,736	
Settlement income	812,795			812,795	
Interest expense	(12,326,613)	(3,725,209)		(16,051,822)	
Loss on disposal of assets	(982,615)	982,615		-	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(10,207,697)	(2,742,594)		(12,950,291)	
Income Before Capital Contributions, Transfers					
And Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,431,527	14,254,225		17,685,752	
Capital contributions - impact fees and other	18,700,643			18,700,643	
Capital contributions - noncash	2,375,861	(2,375,861)		·	
Transfers to Sanitation System	(3,088,270)	3,088,270		-	
Principal sinking fund requirements	 -	(10,441,916)		(10,441,916)	
Change in Net Assets	\$ 21,419,761	\$ 4,524,718	\$	25,944,479	

	Variance-
	Favorable
Budget	(Unfavorable)
\$ 39,211,688	\$ \$
30,199,110	-
243,000	(10,444)
5,917,988	1
240,595	-
1,694,000	300,886
77,506,381	290,445
20.050.007	500.252
28,050,097	·
2,642,963	,
704,258	
4,891,778	•
2,229,800	
6,575,867	
3,198,590	17,870
48,293,353	1,132,570
29,213,028	1,423,015
29,213,028	1,423,015
747,825	1,540,911
812,795	-
(16,051,826	5) 4
(14,491,206	1,540,915
14,721,822	2,963,930
9,893,291	8,807,352
-	-
(9,026,969	(1,414,947)
\$ 15,588,144	\$ 10,356,335

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SANITATION SYSTEM COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009

ASSETS

	2010		2009	
Current Assets:				
Unrestricted assets -				
Cash and investments	\$	50	\$ 50	
Accounts receivable less allowance for doubtful				
accounts of \$54,200 and \$69,200		1,151,495	1,127,738	
Materials and supplies		1,013,514	942,223	
Restricted assets -				
Restricted by debt agreements -				
Sinking fund		587,543	 571,698	
Total current assets		2,752,602	 2,641,709	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted assets -				
Restricted by debt agreements -				
Renewal and replacement fund		145,410	151,338	
Operating and maintenance fund		1,216,629	1,225,345	
Capital improvement program		1,834,494	1,260,233	
Total noncurrent restricted assets		3,196,533	2,636,916	
Capital assets -				
Utility plant in service		30,032,304	28,907,070	
Construction work in progress		854	-	
Intangible assets		14,996,954	14,996,954	
		45,030,112	43,904,024	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		24,451,242	22,229,262	
Total capital assets		20,578,870	21,674,762	
Unamortized debt issuance costs (net of accumulated amortization				
\$214,999 and \$200,366)		165,840	 180,473	
Total noncurrent assets		23,941,243	 24,492,151	
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	26,693,845	\$ 27,133,860	

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

	2010	2009
Current Liabilities (Payable From Current Assets):		
Accounts payable	\$ 848,203	\$ 665,023
Due to other governments	10,122	9,474
Payroll and compensated absences payable	480,278	451,439
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	1,338,603	1,125,936
Current Liabilities (Payable From Restricted Assets):		
Current portion of long-term debt	635,000	1,179,616
Accrued interest payable	111,293	117,948
Accounts payable - capital improvements	81,668	26,155
Claims liabilities	467,134	435,049
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)	1,295,095	1,758,768
Total current liabilities	2,633,698	2,884,704
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Long-term debt	8,201,138	8,744,916
Long-term compensated absences and benefits payable	634,626	423,175
Total long-term liabilities	8,835,764	9,168,091
Total liabilities	11,469,462	12,052,795
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	11,631,439	11,632,282
Restricted for debt service and other bond requirements	1,949,582	1,948,381
Unrestricted	1,643,362	1,500,402
Total net assets	15,224,383	15,081,065
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 26,693,845	\$ 27,133,860

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SANITATION SYSTEM COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009

]	Residential	 Commercial	Total 2010		Total 2009
Operating Revenue:						
Customer charges -						
Sanitation	\$	16,649,842	\$ 1,298,144	\$ 17,947,986	\$	17,575,034
Other		146,936	 124,093	 271,029		274,410
Total operating revenue		16,796,778	 1,422,237	 18,219,015		17,849,444
Operating Expenses Before						
Depreciation and Amortization:						
Personal services		6,375,353	573,714	6,949,067		7,389,232
Contractual services		527,463	9,551	537,014		467,830
Professional services		25,404	10,029	35,433		141,018
Supplies		1,436,927	100,976	1,537,903		1,420,831
Repairs and maintenance		1,148,954	80,205	1,229,159		935,899
Heat, light and power		74,408	2,255	76,663		80,007
Tipping fees		3,476,779	297,459	3,774,238		3,651,319
Overhead allocation		3,222,457	106,408	3,328,865		2,888,050
Other		394,957	 16,518	411,475		451,813
	·				·	
Total operating expenses before						
depreciation and amortization		16,682,702	 1,197,115	 17,879,817		17,425,999
Operating Income Before						
Depreciation and Amortization		114,076	225,122	339,198		423,445
Depreciation and Amortization		2,475,775	353,786	2,829,561		2,583,324
		-				
Operating loss		(2,361,699)	 (128,664)	 (2,490,363)		(2,159,879)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):						
Investment income		8,289	-	8,289		40,018
Interest expense		(576,110)	(3,898)	(580,008)		(629,322)
Gain on disposal of assets		117,130	-	117,130		2,478
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		(450,691)	 (3,898)	(454,589)		(586,826)
Loss Before Transfers		(2,812,390)	(132,562)	(2,944,952)		(2,746,705)
Loss before fransiers		(2,012,390)	(132,302)	(2,944,932)		(2,740,703)
Transfers from Water and Wastewater System		3,088,270	 	3,088,270		2,647,455
Change in Net Assets	\$	275,880	\$ (132,562)	143,318		(99,250)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year				15,081,065		15,180,315
Net Assets at End of Year				\$ 15,224,383	\$	15,081,065

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EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SANITATION SYSTEM COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009

		2010	2009
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	·		
Cash received from customers and others	\$	18,195,258	\$ 17,960,076
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(9,935,885)	(9,740,927)
Cash paid to employees for services		(4,470,750)	(4,546,163)
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,788,623	 3,672,986
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,680,781)	(3,648,104)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(1,179,616)	(1,137,337)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(480,808)	(529,682)
Proceeds from sale of assets		119,755	18,271
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(3,221,450)	 (5,296,852)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Investment income		(40,900)	40,018
Purchases of investments		(2,985,315)	-
Proceeds from maturities of investments		3,985,938	(2,795,780)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		959,723	(2,755,762)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,526,896	(4,379,628)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		(229,173)	 4,150,455
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	1,297,723	\$ (229,173)

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SANITATION SYSTEM COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010 AND 2009 (Continued)

		2010		2009
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(2,490,363)	\$	(2,159,879)
Adjustments to reconcile net operating loss				
to cash provided by operating activities -				
Depreciation and amortization		2,829,561		2,583,324
Transfers from Water and Wastewater System		3,088,270		2,647,455
Changes in -				
Accounts receivable		(23,757)		110,632
Materials and supplies		(71,291)		6,525
Prepaid expenses		-		2,887
Accounts payable		183,180		113,621
Due to other governments		648		(29,719)
Payroll and compensated absences payable		28,839		16,564
Long-term compensated absences payable		211,451		200,942
Claims liabilities		32,085		180,634
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,788,623	\$	3,672,986
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents per				
Statements of Cash Flows to the Balance Sheets:				
Cash and investments	\$	50	\$	50
Restricted assets		3,784,076		3,208,614
		3,784,126		3,208,664
Less investments		(2,486,403)		(3,437,837)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,297,723	\$	(229,173)
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital				
and Financing Activities:	ø	40 190	Ф	
Unrealized appreciation in fair value of investments	\$	49,189	\$	

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SANITATION SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Adjustment Budgetary Basis	Actual (Budgetary Basis)
Operating Revenue:	 _	 _	 _
Customer charges -			
Sanitation	\$ 17,947,986	\$	\$ 17,947,986
Other	 271,029		 271,029
Total operating revenue	 18,219,015	 	 18,219,015
Operating Expenses Before Depreciation			
and Amortization:			
Personal services	6,949,067		6,949,067
Contractual services	537,014		537,014
Professional services	35,433		35,433
Supplies	1,537,903		1,537,903
Repairs and maintenance	1,229,159		1,229,159
Heat, light and power	76,663		76,663
Tipping	3,774,238		3,774,238
Overhead allocation	3,328,865	(3,088,270)	240,595
Other	411,475	,	411,475
Total operating expenses before	 	 	<u> </u>
depreciation	 17,879,817	 (3,088,270)	 14,791,547
Operating Income Before Depreciation			
and Amortization	339,198	3,088,270	3,427,468
Depreciation and Amortization	 2,829,561	 (2,829,561)	
Operating income (loss)	 (2,490,363)	 5,917,831	 3,427,468
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):			
Investment income	8,289		8,289
Interest expense	(580,008)	(854)	(580,862)
Gain on disposal of assets	117,130		117,130
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(454,589)	(854)	(455,443)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,944,952)	5,916,977	2,972,025
Transfers from Water and Wastewater System	3,088,270	(3,088,270)	-
Principal sinking fund requirements	-	 (1,179,616)	 (1,179,616)
Changes in Net Assets	\$ 143,318	\$ 1,649,091	\$ 1,792,409

Budget	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
\$ 17,947,983 255,098 18,203,081	\$ 3 15,931 15,934
6,978,098 537,016 35,433 1,537,918 1,229,165 76,665	29,031 2 - 15 6 2
3,774,238 240,595 431,015	19,540 48,596
3,362,938	64,530
3,362,938	64,530
8,291 (580,864) 117,130 (455,443)	(2) 2 - -
2,907,495	64,530
(1,096,260)	(83,356)
\$ 1,811,235	\$ (18,826)

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STATISTICAL SECTION - UNAUDITED

This part of the Authority's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Authority's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Authority's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Authority's revenue sources.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Authority's current levels of outstanding debt and the Authority's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules present information to help the reader understand the environment within which the Authority's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the Authority's financial report relates to the services the Authority provides.

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EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS (THOUSANDS OMITTED) (UNAUDITED)

	 2010		2009		2008		2007		2006		2005		2004		2003		2002
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 435,474	\$	389,252	\$	231,048	\$	203,550	\$	156,525	\$	141,404	\$	127,737	\$	118,793	\$	103,138
Restricted	44,601		42,241		39,086		37,619		33,629		35,311		32,538		31,332		30,866
Unrestricted	12,926		39,945		55,893		56,214		62,556		53,643		56,157		58,340		66,149
Total net assets	\$ \$ 493,001		471,438	\$	326,027	\$	297,383	\$	252,710	\$	230,358	\$	216,432	\$	208,465	\$	200,153

Note: The Authority began to report the above components of net assets when it implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in 2002.

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULES OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (THOUSANDS OMITTED) (UNAUDITED)

_	2010		2009	 2008	2007	2006	2005	2004		2003		2002		2001	
Operating Revenue:				 		 									
Customer charges \$	87,359	\$	83,454	\$ 80,812	\$ 80,163	\$ 76,713	\$ 69,022	\$	67,767	\$	64,569	\$	64,756	\$	63,611
Connection charges	232	2	246	467	705	755	814		565		488		435		432
Sewer improvement fees	5,918	3	5,924	6,097	2,020	-	-		-		-		-		-
Other	2,266	<u> </u>	2,578	 2,870	1,447	1,992	1,129		918		795		890		792
Total operating revenue	95,775	5	92,202	90,246	84,335	79,460	70,965		69,250		65,852		66,081		64,835
Operating Expenses Before															
Depreciation and Amortization	:														
Personal services	34,574	Į.	34,779	32,470	30,647	27,684	26,873		25,442		23,680		22,488		21,932
Contractual services	3,061	l	2,253	2,879	2,493	2,315	2,006		1,512		1,721		1,683		1,579
Professional services	740)	845	482	605	516	808		793		584		570		470
Supplies	6,023	3	6,142	6,685	6,019	5,412	4,837		4,573		4,778		4,618		4,185
Repairs and maintenance	3,459)	3,119	3,797	3,926	4,229	4,276		3,664		3,722		3,215		2,603
Heat, light and power	6,652	2	6,390	5,400	5,309	4,848	4,709		3,978		3,653		3,252		3,280
Tipping fees	3,774	Į.	3,651	3,516	3,285	3,317	3,286		3,090		3,044		2,943		2,817
Other	3,592	2	3,899	 3,931	4,202	3,498	3,587		3,061		3,539		3,208		3,224
Total operating expenses															
before depreciation															
and amortization	61,875	<u> </u>	61,078	 59,160	 56,486	 51,819	 50,382		46,113		44,721		41,977		40,090
Operating Income Before															
Depreciation and Amortization	: 33,900)	31,124	31,086	27,849	27,641	20,583		23,137		21,131		24,104		24,745
Depreciation and Amortization	22,751	<u> </u>	19,340	 18,152	 16,122	 14,569	13,380		12,727		11,729		10,286		8,813
Operating income	11,149)	11,784	 12,934	11,727	13,072	 7,203		10,410		9,402		13,818		15,932

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULES OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (THOUSANDS OMITTED) (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

	2	010	 2009	 2008		2007	 2006	 2005		2004	2003	 2002	 2001
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):													
Investment income		2,297	4,054	5,132		5,427	4,215	2,699		1,753	1,778	4,378	6,204
Settlement income		813	10,047	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Interest expense	((12,907)	(14,102)	(9,864)		(9,169)	(9,009)	(9,245)		(9,796)	(9,305)	(9,063)	(8,778)
Main Street WWTP repairs		-	-	-		-	-	-		(626)	(1,138)	(1,103)	(529)
Hurricane disaster assistance, net		-	-	(327)		(33)	(124)	1,303		(36)	60	70	45
Insurance recoveries, net		-	-	-		-	-	911		44	-	-	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(865)	 (818)	 (226)		(1,457)	 (498)	(59)		(792)	(1,080)	 (1,144)	 128
Total nonoperating revenue													
(expenses)		(10,662)	 (819)	 (5,285)	_	(5,232)	 (5,416)	 (4,391)		(9,453)	 (9,685)	 (6,862)	 (2,930)
Income (Loss) Before													
Capital Contributions		487	10,965	7,649		6,495	7,656	2,812		957	(283)	6,956	13,002
Capital contributions - cash		18,700	133,868	15,431		25,909	9,670	7,818		5,384	6,717	6,192	4,188
Capital contributions - noncash		2,376	 578	 5,564		12,269	 5,026	 3,296	-	1,625	 1,878	 2,927	 2,479
Change in Net Assets	\$	21,563	\$ 145,411	\$ 28,644	\$	44,673	\$ 22,352	\$ 13,926	\$	7,966	\$ 8,312	\$ 16,075	\$ 19,669

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE AND PER WATER CUSTOMER LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Year	 State Revolving Loans	Capital Leases	Water and Wastewater System Bonds	Sanitation System Bonds			Water and Wastewater System Note	 Total
2001	\$ 567,643	\$ -	\$ 161,493,193	\$	13,545,131	\$	-	\$ 175,605,967
2002	\$ 567,643	\$ -	\$ 155,848,578	\$	12,891,355	\$	-	\$ 169,307,576
2003	\$ 567,643	\$ -	\$ 173,652,303	\$	12,207,578	\$	-	\$ 186,427,524
2004	\$ 567,643	\$ -	\$ 168,147,176	\$	11,698,800	\$	-	\$ 180,413,619
2005	\$ 3,163,288	\$ 70,455	\$ 162,082,871	\$	11,165,023	\$	-	\$ 176,481,637
2006	\$ 6,697,534	\$ 46,701	\$ 172,971,792	\$	10,746,247	\$	-	\$ 190,462,274
2007	\$ 12,447,691	\$ 23,107	\$ 166,138,867	\$	10,307,470	\$	-	\$ 188,917,135
2008	\$ 20,589,473	\$ 15,880,016	\$ 159,045,915	\$	9,843,693	\$	130,000,000	\$ 335,359,097
2009	\$ 20,080,754	\$ 14,815,860	\$ 151,501,398	\$	9,349,916	\$	130,000,000	\$ 325,747,928
2010	\$ 41,285,144	\$ 13,706,821	\$ 144,003,294	\$ 8,836,138		\$ 129,885,000		\$ 337,716,397

OUTSTANDING DEBT PER WATER CUSTOMER

Voor	Total	Total	Debt Per Customer		
Year	 Debt	Customers		ustomer	
2001	\$ 175,605,967	85,344	\$	2,058	
2002	\$ 169,307,576	86,826	\$	1,950	
2003	\$ 186,427,524	87,736	\$	2,125	
2004	\$ 180,413,619	88,024	\$	2,050	
2005	\$ 176,481,637	88,727	\$	1,989	
2006	\$ 190,462,274	89,692	\$	2,124	
2007	\$ 188,917,135	90,337	\$	2,091	
2008	\$ 335,359,097	89,716	\$	3,738	
2009	\$ 325,747,928	88,470	\$	3,682	
2010	\$ 337,716,397	88,723	\$	3,806	

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

				Operating					
				Expenses					
		Operating		Before	N	let Revenue			
	R	Revenue and	Γ	Depreciation		Available			
		Interest		and		For Debt	Debt	Actual	Required
Year		Income	Α	mortization		Service	 Service	Coverage	Coverage
2001	\$	69,315,014	\$	40,089,621	\$	29,225,393	\$ 17,559,174	1.66	1.25
2002	\$	68,698,595	\$	41,977,118	\$	26,721,477	\$ 16,216,871	1.65	1.25
2003	\$	67,183,089	\$	44,720,787	\$	22,462,302	\$ 16,563,987	1.36	1.25
2004	\$	70,314,029	\$	46,111,568	\$	24,202,461	\$ 17,041,375	1.42	1.25
2005	\$	73,067,161	\$	50,382,004	\$	24,454,093	\$ 16,278,953	1.50	1.25
2006	\$	83,299,789	\$	51,819,044	\$	31,480,745	\$ 16,631,968	1.89	1.25
2007	\$	88,912,836	\$	56,485,926	\$	32,426,910	\$ 17,775,258	1.82	1.25
2008	\$	93,658,613	\$	59,159,846	\$	34,498,767	\$ 19,573,227	1.76	1.25
2009	\$	95,012,742	\$	61,078,331	\$	33,934,411	\$ 25,044,035	1.35	1.25
2010	\$	96,531,362	\$	61,875,496	\$	34,655,866	\$ 23,897,498	1.45	1.25

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY NUMBER OF ACTIVE CUSTOMERS AT FISCAL YEAR END LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year	Water	Sewer	Sanitation	Ratio of Sewer Customers To Water Customers
2001	85,344	55,812	59,934	65%
2002	86,826	57,857	61,191	67%
2003	87,736	59,528	62,319	68%
2004	88,024	60,863	63,496	69%
2005	88,727	62,048	63,342	70%
2006	89,692	63,527	64,653	71%
2007	90,337	65,101	65,298	72%
2008	89,716	65,216	65,043	73%
2009	88,470	64,741	78,205	73%
2010	88,723	65,268	79,417	74%

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY PRINCIPAL CUSTOMERS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 2010 AND 2001 (UNAUDITED)

	Water Sales	Annual Revenue						Percentage
Name	in Millions of Gallons			Sewer			Total	of Total Revenue
NAVFAC SE (NAS Pensacola)	-	\$	-	\$	1,872,605	\$	1,872,605	2.0
NAVFAC SE (Corry Station SW)	-		-		636,185		636,185	0.7
Baptist Hospital	83.1		170,134		431,843		601,977	0.6
Escambia County Jail	72.8		137,501		328,948		466,448	0.5
Pall Gelman Sciences	66.7		123,304		303,290		426,593	0.4
Escambia Housing	53.2		111,890		286,411		398,301	0.4
Portofino Island Resort	35.6		136,090		209,695		345,785	0.4
Sacred Heart Hospital	45.6		97,912		230,358		328,270	0.3
Columbia West Florida								
Regional Medical Center	38.6		75,026		207,930		282,956	0.3
University of West Florida	-		492		278,310		278,802	0.3
U.S. NavySaufley Field	71.2		68,880		164,121		233,001	0.2
Pensacola Christian College	32.2		68,512		150,916		219,428	0.2
Crown Health Care & Laundry	32.8		61,018		141,436		202,454	0.2
Perdido Housing	24.5		50,364		132,051		182,414	0.2
DM Oakwood Terrace	23.9		45,475		128,783		174,258	0.2
	580.2	\$	1,146,599	\$	5,502,880	\$	6,649,478	6.9

	Water Sales	Annual Revenue					
	in Millions						of Total
Name	of Gallons	 Water		Sewer		Total	Revenue
Pensacola Christian College	95.7	\$ 130,351	\$	344,028	\$	474,379	0.7
Baptist Hospital	69.8	100,028		274,442		374,470	0.6
City of Gulf Breeze	336.6	309,641		-		309,641	0.5
Pall Gelman Sciences	39.0	51,253		146,674		197,927	0.3
Sacred Heart Hospital	38.1	55,763		132,748		188,511	0.3
U.S. NavySaufley Field	50.6	60,999		127,451		188,450	0.3
Columbia West Florida							
Regional Medical Center	34.6	48,777		136,047		184,824	0.3
Escambia County Jail	32.0	45,019		125,739		170,758	0.3
University of West Florida	-	133		167,321		167,454	0.3
Area Housing Commission	26.6	38,393		104,326		142,719	0.2
Crown Health Care & Laundry	28.8	38,629		90,431		129,060	0.2
National Linen Service	25.7	34,641		80,639		115,280	0.2
Clerk of the Court-							
MC Blanchard Building	21.1	28,522		82,992		111,514	0.2
Pensacola Village Apartments	18.4	25,197		72,206		97,403	0.2
Armstrong World Industries	44.3	 58,451		36,624		95,075	0.1
	861.3	\$ 1,025,797	\$	1,921,668	\$	2,947,465	4.7

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 2010 AND 2001 (UNAUDITED)

2010

		Percentage
	Number of	of Total
Name	Employees	Employment
Local Government	15,790	7.30%
Federal Government	7,403	3.40%
State Government	5,970	2.80%
Sacred Heart Health System	5,000	2.30%
Baptist Health Care	3,163	1.50%
Lakeview Center	2,000	0.90%
Ascend Performance Materials	1,400	0.70%
Gulf Power Company	1,400	0.70%
West Florida Regional Medical Center	1,300	0.60%
University of West Florida	1,231	0.60%
Navy Federal Credit Union	1,200	0.60%
Pensacola Christian College	1,000	0.50%
West Corporation	800	0.40%
	47,657	22.30%

2001

		Percentage
	Number of	of Total
Name	Employees	Employment
Local Government	16,164	8.50%
Federal Government	7,632	4.00%
State Government	5,810	3.10%
Baptist Health Care	5,810	3.10%
Sacred Heart Health System	5,000	2.60%
University of West Florida	1,600	0.80%
Solutia	1,500	0.80%
Gulf Power Company	1,400	0.70%
GE Automation Services	1,250	0.70%
West Florida Regional Medical Center	1,200	0.60%
	47,366	24.90%

Source: Pensacola Chamber of Commerce, Enterprise Florida, Inc., Reference USA, and Florida Research and Economic Development Labor Market Statistics.

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY RECORDED RAINFALL (UNAUDITED)

Pensacola, Florida October 2009 - September 2010

Month	Monthly Rainfall (inches)
October	11.28
November	4.85
December	13.75
January	6.07
February	6.03
March	7.22
April	2.73
May	7.98
June	7.55
July	3.70
August	11.87
September	0.62
	83.65

Pensacola, Florida Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Annual Rainfall (inches)
2001	52.10
2001	53.12 54.29
2003	71.19
2004	58.44
2005	95.03
2006	45.53
2007	41.42
2008	71.00
2009	72.40
2010	83.65

Source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration www.srh.weather.gov

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY WATER CONSUMPTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year_	Pumped (Millions of gallons)	Consumption Billed (Millions of gallons)	Unaccounted For (Millions of gallons)	Percentage Unaccounted For
2001	13,266	12,075	1,191	8.98%
2002	13,536	12,491	1,045	7.72%
2003	12,149	10,995	1,154	9.50%
2004	12,585	11,527	1,058	8.41%
2005	12,543	10,955	1,588	12.66%
2006	13,808	12,660	1,148	8.31%
2007	13,357	11,857	1,500	11.23%
2008	12,159	11,001	1,158	9.52%
2009	11,583	10,504	1,079	9.32%
2010	12,253	10,511	1,742	14.22%
	127,239	114,576	12,663	9.95%

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SEWAGE PLANT FLOWS (MILLIONS OF GALLONS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year	Main Street Wastewater Treatment Plant	Bayou Marcus Water Reclamation Facility	Pensacola Beach Wastewater Treatment Plant	Total
2001	4,924	1,371	283	6,578
2002	4,747	1,398	304	6,449
2003	5,315	1,584	303	7,202
2004	5,636	1,648	293	7,577
2005	6,605	1,880	291	8,776
2006	5,785	1,802	283	7,870
2007	5,549	1,813	275	7,637
2008	6,060	1,931	322	8,313
2009	5,620	1,951	307	7,878
2010	6,002	2,374	329	8,705
	56,243	17,752	2,990	76,985

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY OPERATING INDICATORS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Water:										
New connections	424	437	659	1,192	1,232	1,978	1,764	1,592	1,577	1,547
Average daily consumption (MGD)	33.560	32.914	34.473	33.617	36.430	31.781	29.005	33.248	37.047	36.211
Maximum daily flow (MGD)	45.590	58.426	55.466	60.092	65.375	53.745	56.770	49.384	57.851	57.371
Minimum daily flow (MGD)	24.680	24.242	25.105	25.747	26.200	26.526	24.883	25.772	25.466	26.211
Raw water pumped and treated (MG)	12,253	11,583	12,159	13,357	13,808	12,543	12,585	12,149	13,536	13,266
Wastewater:										
New connections	567	569	560	1,460	1,333	1,846	2,107	2,031	1,862	1,681
Average daily treated flow (MGD)	0.782	0.711	0.750	0.689	0.710	0.792	0.602	0.661	0.581	0.591
Treatment capacity (MGD)	30.600	30.600	30.600	30.600	30.600	30.600	30.600	30.600	30.600	30.600
Wastewater collected and treated (MG)	23.776	21.598	22.800	20.931	21.574	24.069	18.249	20.097	17.668	17.975
Percent of capacity utilized	75.5	71.2	72.6	68.8	76.3	72.1	59.0	61.4	57.8	58.5
Percent of unused capacity	24.5	28.8	27.4	31.2	23.7	27.9	41.0	38.6	42.2	41.5
Sanitation System:										
Residential (tons/year)	73,555	75,094	79,877	80,639	82,216	90,222	81,389	79,176	75,665	72,758
Yard waste (tons/year)	14,479	13,069	12,332	11,279	11,481	9,465	15,300	17,369	17,151	14,964
Bulk waste (tons/year)	3,015	2,958	2,726	3,729	4,698	2,519	3,559	2,837	1,785	1,555
Total residential tons	91,049	91,121	94,935	95,647	98,395	102,206	100,248	99,382	94,601	89,277
Average number of customers/month	73,300	73,100	62,131	62,445	62,205	62,407	62,407	61,217	59,710	58,727
Refuse collected (tons/customer/year)	1.242	1.247	1.528	1.532	1.582	1.638	1.606	1.623	1.584	1.520
Commercial (tons/year)	6,678	9,308	18,314	15,558	15,131	14,407	14,591	15,233	16,120	15,877
Roll-off (tons/year)	1,627	3,603	6,567	9,802	8,543	3,331	2,182	1,564	1,617	1,574
Total commercial tons	8,305	12,911	24,881	25,360	23,674	17,738	16,773	16,797	17,737	17,451
Average number of customers/month	1,395	837	2,912	2,853	2,448	935	1,089	1,102	1,481	1,207
Refuse collected (tons/customer/year)	5.953	15.425	8.544	8.889	9.671	18.971	15.402	15.242	11.976	14.458

HOME SALES

	Single F	amily	Townhouse/Condominium		
Year	Number	Average Price	Number	Average Price	
<u> </u>	Tumber	11100	Transcr	11100	
2001	6,322	99,355	951	178,043	
2002	6,324	105,012	896	180,273	
2003	6,991	114,259	1,336	261,557	
2004	7,755	131,703	1,337	349,723	
2005	7,974	150,639	1,008	361,299	
2006	5,788	155,304	1,175	468,699	
2007	4,338	149,173	734	490,411	
2008	3,058	140,700	385	419,451	
2009	2,589	132,352	434	328,628	
2010	2,782	120,900	413	254,111	

Source: Metro Market Trends

CONSTRUCTION STARTS

	Comme	ercial	Residential			
	Number	Value	Number	Value		
	of Units	(\$000)	of Units	(\$000)		
2001	106	102,475	1,368	126,965		
2002	156	217,475	1,567	153,114		
2003	124	90,338	1,605	173,803		
2004	137	309,087	1,674	188,765		
2005	152	286,068	1,834	265,200		
2006	134	211,639	1,237	244,313		
2007	182	189,003	948	143,129		
2008	94	162,276	555	85,386		
2009 (1)			534	181,323		
2010 (1)			568	178,646		

Source: Escambia County Building Inspection Department

⁽¹⁾ The information for commercial construction starts is no longer readily available and could not be obtained for 2009 or 2010.

ESCAMBIA COUNTY POPULATION

Year	Population	Change	Percent Change
2001	206 700	(7.202)	2.200/
2001	296,709	(7,203)	-2.39%
2002	299,485	2,776	0.94%
2003	303,310	3,825	1.28%
2004	307,226	3,916	1.29%
2005	303,623	(3,603)	-1.17%
2006	309,647	6,024	1.98%
2007	311,775	2,128	0.69%
2008	313,480	1,705	0.55%
2009	312,980	(500)	-0.16%
2010	311,184	(1,796)	-0.57%

Source: Florida Statistical Abstract

Bureau of Economic and Business Research

University of Florida

ESCAMBIA COUNTY STATISTICS

Year	_	Estimated Personal Income	_	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2001	\$	6,883,055	\$	23,198	3.8%
2002	\$	7,202,015	\$	24,048	3.8%
2003	\$	6,253,039	\$	20,616	4.0%
2004	\$	6,289,531	\$	20,472	3.5%
2005	\$	6,486,905	\$	21,365	3.6%
2006	\$	6,757,426	\$	21,823	3.3%
2007	\$	7,306,960	\$	23,448	3.9%
2008	\$	8,812,776	\$	28,389	4.9%
2009	\$	7,357,247	\$	23,316	9.7%
2010	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	11.2%

Source: Personal income data provided by the University of West Florida Haas Center.

Information was not available for 2010.

Unemployment data provided by Labor Market Statistics (State of Florida).

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY ACTIVITY

	Water and Wastewater	Sanitation	
Year	System	System	Total
2001	407	90	497
2002	408	96	497
2003	418	95	513
2004	415	101	516
2005	404	100	504
2006	405	111	516
2007	405	111	516
2008	422	115	537
2009	416	115	531
2010	415	115	530

Source: Authority's annual budget

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY ACTIVITY

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Water:					_	_		_		
Wells	32	32	34	34	33	32	31	31	31	32
Water mains (miles)	1,678	1,713	1,591	1,762	1,762	1,762	1,762	1,762	1,762	1,600
Storage capacity (MGD)	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Wastewater:										
Treatment plants	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Sanitary sewer (miles)	1,198	1,294	1,079	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	1,089	900
Treatment capacity (MGD)	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Sanitation:										
Collection vehicles	94	98	98	77	80	81	81	82	82	82

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Types of Coverage	Name of Company	<u>Details of Coverage</u>	<u>Liability Limits</u>
Property Coverage	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust Policy #0162 (Florida League of Cities)	 All Risk Coverage for structures, equipment and contents on schedules Covers structures, equipment, and contents 	 \$100,000,000 maximum blanket coverage. All risk for real property and contents per occurrence; \$100,000 deductible on wind and peril 2% and 5% deductible for distance to waterfront locations. \$100,000,000 Total Coverage.
Flood Coverage	Fidelity National Property and Casualty (Fisher-Brown – Agent)	Property Schedules	Conditions: Coverage including flood for Flood in zones A, B and C, respectively
Automobiles	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	All scheduled vehicles \$25,000 deductible on collision	\$1,000,000 Liability Limits
Boiler & Machinery	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust (as part of property coverage)	Comprehensive Coverage Pays loss from an accident to a covered object while in use or connected ready for use (as part of property coverage)	 \$10,000,000 per accident The limit of liability is paid on a repair or replacement basis Deductibles: \$100,000 each claim except equipment over 100HP
Environmental Pollution	Arch Insurance (Fisher-Brown – Agent)	Covers Fuel Storage Tanks Environmental impairment Liability	\$1,000,000 \$10,000 SIR per Claim

Types of Coverage	Name of Company	Details of Coverage	<u>Liability Limits</u>
Business Interruption Coverage/Business Income	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust (as part of property coverage)	Covers actual loss of earnings sustained by ECUA resulting from necessary interruption of business	\$32,844,000
Business Interruption Coverage/Extra Expense	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust (as part of property coverage)	Covers necessary extra expense incurred by ECUA to continue as nearly as practicable the normal operation of business following damage to or destruction of real and personal property	\$5,000,000
Crime Coverage/Money & Securities	Hartford Insurance Group (Fisher-Brown – Agent)	1) Losses inside and outside of premises	1) \$75,000
		2) Depositor's Forgery	2) \$50,000
Crime Coverage/Honesty	Hartford Insurance Group (Fisher-Brown – Agent)	Bond covering losses through fraudulent or dishonest act; includes Finance Director	\$250,000
Comprehensive General Liability	ECUA Self Insured	Bodily injury and property damage	State of Florida (sovereign immunity)
Road Restoration	Western (Fisher-Brown – Agent)	Damages to DOT Roads	State of Florida Requirements

Insurance

Types of Coverage	Name of Company	Details of Coverage	<u>Liability Limits</u>
Public Officials Liability & E&O	RSUI Indemnity Company (Fisher-Brown – Agent)	Pays on behalf of public officials and employees all losses which they shall be legally obligated to pay for civil	\$2,000,000 each loss and aggregate for each policy year
		claims against them because of wrongful acts	\$25,000 retention each loss for Public Officials Liability
		Reimburses ECUA for losses in which it shall be required by law to indemnify public officials and employees for civil claims made against them because of wrongful acts	
Workers' Compensation	ECUA Self Insured	Employment related injury or accident to ECUA employees; TPA, Broadspire	Unlimited medical expense and prescribed loss of earnings of employee, as required by workers' compensation law
Excess Workers' Compensation	Florida Municipal Insurance Trust	Excess claim coverage	\$300,000 Stop Loss

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE **SEPTEMBER 30, 2010** (UNAUDITED)

Types of Coverage Name of Company Details of Coverage **Liability Limits**

Medical Insurance United Healthcare All plans cover annual exams, preventive care, and eligible hospital and outpatient charges in participating facilities. Maximum out-of-pocket

Primary Plan:

includes annual deductible.

\$750/1,500 deductible per calendar year \$2,750/5,500 out-of-pocket maximum per calendar year 80/20% coinsurance for major services after deductible has been met \$20/40 per office visit \$100 fee for emergency services

\$10/35/70 pharmacy copayment for 31-

day supply

Buy-Down Plan: \$1,000/2,000 deductible per calendar \$6,000/12,000 out-of-pocket maximum per calendar year 80/20% coinsurance for major services after deductible has been met \$35/35 per office visit \$200 fee for emergency services \$10/35/70 pharmacy copayment for 31day supply

Primary Plan:

Maximum Policy Benefit: \$5,000,000

per covered person.

Mental Health: Inpatient &

Intermediate, 30 days per calendar year, 20% coinsurance; Outpatient, \$40 copayment per visit, 30 visits per

calendar year.

Substance Abuse Services: Inpatient, 30

days per calendar year, 20% coinsurance; Outpatient, \$40 copayment per visit, 44 visits per

calendar year.

Buy-Down Plan:

Maximum Policy Benefit: \$5,000,000

per covered person.

Mental Health: Inpatient &

Intermediate, 30 days per calendar year, 20% coinsurance; Outpatient, \$35 copayment per visit, 30 visits per

calendar year.

Substance Abuse Services: Inpatient & Interminate, 30 days per calendar year, 20% coinsurance; Outpatient, \$35 copayment per visit, 44 visits per

calendar year.

Types of Coverage	Name of Company	<u>Details of Coverage</u>	<u>Liability Limits</u>
Medical Insurance (Continued)	United Healthcare	Health Savings Account (HSA) Plan: \$2,500/5,000 deductible per calendar year; \$2,500/5,000 out-of-pocket maximum per calendar year 100/0% coinsurance for medical and pharmacy services 100% coverage for preventive services Discounted fees paid for illness/injury office visits, emergency health services, and prescriptions Network and non-network benefits \$750 employer contribution into Health Savings Account	Maximum Policy Benefit: \$5,000,000 per covered person. United Healthcare discounted fees are paid for medical and pharmacy services until annual deductible has been met. After deductible has been met, these services are covered at 100%. Mental Health: Inpatient & Intermediate, 30 days per calendar year, discounted fee, 0% coinsurance after deductible is met; Outpatient, 30 visits per calendar year, discounted fee, 0% coinsurance after deductible is met. Substance Abuse Services: Inpatient, 30 days per calendar year, discounted fee, 0% coinsurance after deductible is met; Outpatient, 44 visits per calendar year discounted fee, 0% coinsurance after deductible is met; Outpatient, 44 visits per calendar year discounted fee, 0% coinsurance after deductible is met.
Life Insurance	Standard Insurance Company	Basic Life Additional Life – optional Accidental Death & Dismemberment	Basic Coverage: \$50,000 or 1x salary, whichever is greater; doubled if death is caused by accident. Additional Life: 1x, 2x, 3x or 4x salary.
Dental Insurance	United Concordia	Diagnostic/Preventative Services – plan pays 100%; Basic Services – plan pays 80%; Major Services – plan pays 50% Orthodontics (Adult & Child) – plan pays 50%; \$50/100 calendar year deductible for Basic and Major services	Calendar year maximum per covered person is \$1,000 or \$1,500 for Diagnostic/Preventative, Basic, and Major Services. Lifetime Orthodontic Maximum per covered person is \$1,000 or \$1,500.
Long Term Disability Insurance	Standard Insurance Company	60% of gross monthly income, predisability earnings 6-month elimination period 3-month elimination period is optional	\$5,000 maximum monthly benefit





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board Emerald Coast Utilities Authority Pensacola, Florida

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated March 9, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Members of the Board Emerald Coast Utilities Authority

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Authority in a separate letter dated March 9, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, federal and state awarding agencies, and the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pensacola, Florida

Saltmarch Cleansland & Gund

March 9, 2011



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Members of the Board Emerald Coast Utilities Authority Pensacola, Florida

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (the "Authority") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2010. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States*, *Local Governments*, and *Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2010.

Members of the Board Emerald Coast Utilities Authority

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General, and federal and state awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pensacola, Florida March 9, 2011

Saltmarch Cleansland & Gund

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FEDERAL PROGRAMS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The independent auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (the "Authority").
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Authority, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal programs for the Authority expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings relative to the major federal programs for the Authority which are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were:

Federal Programs	CFDA No.
Public Assistance Grant	97.036
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan	66.458

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was 3% of total expenditures of federal awards (\$1,130,961) for major federal programs.
- 9. The Authority qualified as a low-risk auditee.

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL PROGRAMS

None.

EMERALD COAST UTILITIES AUTHORITY SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

There were no prior year audit findings.



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Members of the Board Emerald Coast Utilities Authority Pensacola, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the Emerald Coast Utilities Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated March 9, 2011.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. We have issued our Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and our Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 9, 2011, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida. This letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditor's reports:

➤ Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. The significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report have been followed except as noted as follows:

<u>Information Technology - Documentation and Controls</u>

The small size of the Information Technology ("IT") Department places limitations on internal controls that are applicable to the Authority's information technology, such as segregation of duties, systems documentation, and some computer security procedures. While it may not be economically feasible to hire additional staff simply to achieve better controls, we recommend the Authority develop a long-term plan for the IT Department. During the year ended September 30, 2010, the Authority engaged a consultant to develop a written risk assessment, which included the IT department. This risk assessment should be utilized to support the Authority's long-term goals and incorporate planning for risk based changes and improvements to be made that will resolve, or mitigate to the extent feasible, the existing control weaknesses. In addition, the Authority should periodically reevaluate the controls to ensure that material weaknesses do not develop.

Management Response

The Authority will make a risk assessment of our system and develop a long-term plan to incorporate improvements that will address existing control weaknesses.

- ➤ Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires our audit to include a review of the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Authority complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.
- ➤ Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had no such recommendations.
- ➤ Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address violations of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the determination of financial statement amounts that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.
- Section 10.554(1)(i)5., Rules of the Auditor General, provides that the auditor may, based on professional judgment, report the following matters that have an inconsequential effect on the financial statements, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors: (1) violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, fraud, illegal acts, or abuse, and (2) deficiencies in internal control that are not significant deficiencies. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

- ➤ Section 10.554(1)(i)6., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is included in the notes to the financial statements. There are no component units.
- ➤ Section 10.554(1)(i)7.a., Rules of the Auditor General, requires a statement be included as to whether or not the local government entity has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Authority did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.
- ➤ Section 10.554(1)(i)7.b., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether the annual financial report for the Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.
- Pursuant to Section 10.554(1)(i)7.c. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Authority's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management and the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pensacola, Florida

Salfmarsh Cleanband & Gund

March 9, 2011